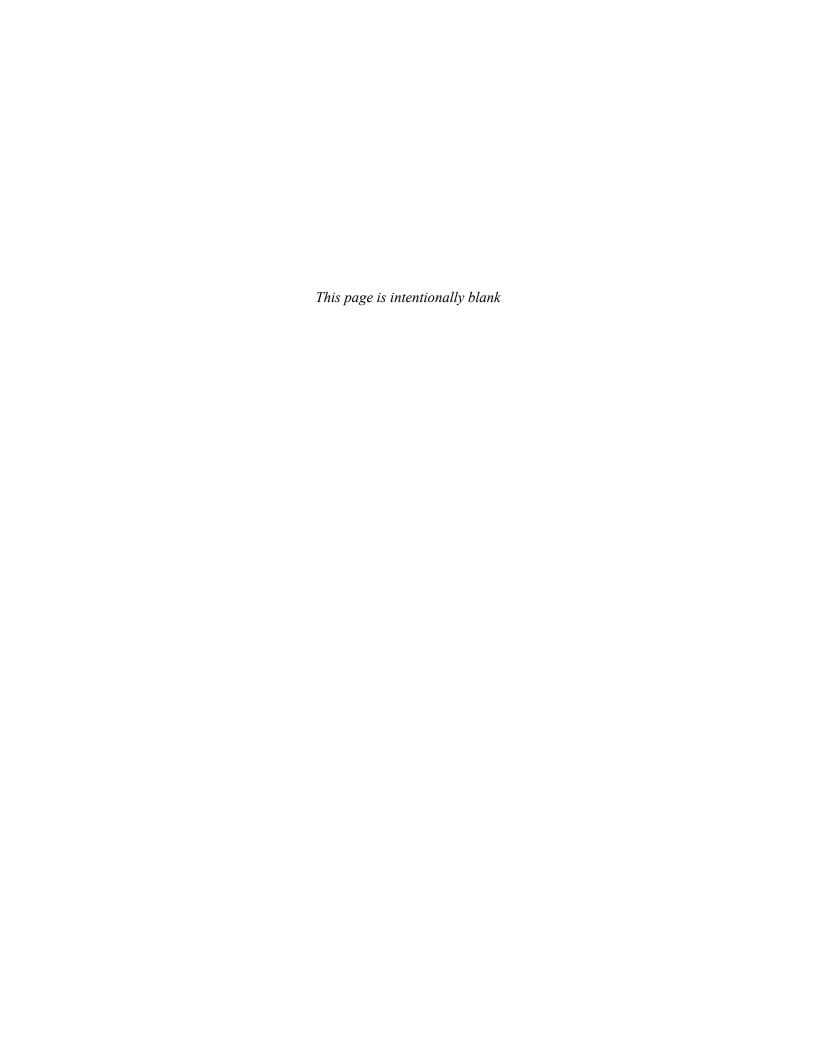


CITY OF GRIDLEY

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



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FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council of the City of Gridley Gridley, California

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gridley (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Gridley, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

City management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAGAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.



Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, schedules, and other information listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That



report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chavan & Associates, LLP Certified Public Accountants

C&A UP

April 28, 2025

Morgan Hill, California



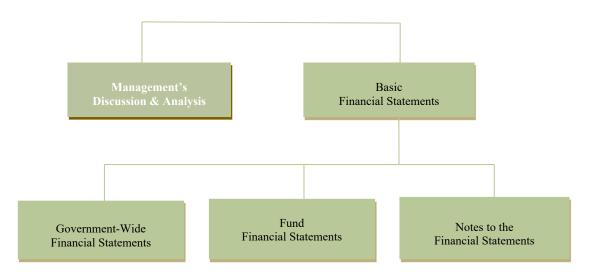
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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4INTRODUCTION

As management of the City of Gridley, California (city), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities of the City of Gridley, for the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the other sections of the attached audited financial statements, required supplemental information and other supplemental information. The required components of the report are listed below.

Required Components of the Annual Financial Report



FISCAL YEAR 2023/24 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources for the City of Gridley exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$39.29 million (net position). Of the net position, \$20.85 million was classified as net investment in capital assets; \$5.49 million recorded as restricted funds; and \$12.95 million categorized as unrestricted net position.
- The City's net position decreased by \$2.06 million. This included a \$11,048 increase in the net position of Governmental Activities and a \$2.067 million decrease in the net position of Business-Type Activities.
- City revenues decreased by \$1.96 million, or 9.98%, when compared to the prior fiscal year. This
 decrease is primarily related to a decrease in charges for services of \$2.46 million from business-type
 activities, which was offset by an increase in operating grants and contributions of \$217,121. Total
 expenses increased by \$5.45 million, or 37.91%, with a \$1.52 million increase in public safety, a
 \$494,668 increase in community development, and a \$3.12 million increase in business-type program
 expenses.

- Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$240,205, while deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$325,569. This was primarily related to pension liability adjustments estimated in the City's actuarial reports, which include differences between expected and actual earnings; expected and actual experiences; and changes in proportional allocations. The City's net pension liability as of June 30, 2024 was \$14.63 million versus \$13.96 million in the prior fiscal year, while the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 was \$3.30 million versus \$3.98 million in the prior fiscal year.
- The City's long-term debt decreased by \$95,054, or 3.13%, in Fiscal Year 2023/24 primarily from debt service payments made during the year.
- The City's net capital assets increased by \$244,371, or 1.04%, primarily as a result of additions in excess of depreciation expense.

Fund Highlights

- At the close of Fiscal Year 2023/24 the City's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11.8 million, which is a decrease of \$1.7 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 8.21%, or \$969,108, was classified as unassigned fund balance and is available for spending.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) was \$7.87 million, or 112.95%, of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers. The General Fund's unassigned fund balance was \$2.71 million, or 38.96%, of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers.
- The *General Fund's* fund balance decreased by \$4.94 million at the close of the fiscal year. This included an excess of operating expenditures over revenues of \$2.69 million, before an additional \$2.45 million in net transfers out.
- General Fund revenues increased from prior year by \$22,063 and expenditures increased from prior year by \$685,574.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of (1) Government-Wide Financial Statements (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Government-Wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the City as a whole. Government-Wide Financial Statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred

inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes; and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the Government-Wide Financial Statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). An overview of the City's functions associated with each classification is listed below.

Governmental Activities – All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. This includes general government, public safety, streets and public works, community development, and parks and recreation. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as development and recreation program fees.

Business-Type Activities – The City's enterprise activities include electric, water, sewer, drainage, solid waste, and senior taxi services. Unlike governmental activities, these services are fully supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of services they use.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate financing authority which the City is financially accountable. The City of Gridley Public Facilities Financing Authority (Financing Authority) is legally separate from the City but is blended with the primary government because it has the same governing board as the City and because of its financial relationship with the City. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Financing Authority.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. Major funds are presented individually, with all non-major funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Other Supplementary information includes subordinate schedules that present the detail of these non-major funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the fiscal year and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities. All of the City's funds can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds. *Governmental Funds*

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable

resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This represents a modified accrual basis of accounting, with capital assets, long-lived assets, and long-term liabilities excluded from the financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental *funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, 08-Home-4987 Grant Fund, Block Grant Fund, and Grant Related Funds, which are major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Other Supplementary Information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary Funds

The City has six Enterprise Funds that are a proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for include electric, water, sewer, drainage, solid waste, and senior taxi services. The electric, water and sewer funds are major enterprise funds for the City.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the Government-Wide Financial Statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used for business-type activities. The City maintains private purpose trust funds and custodial funds to report activities that are fiduciary in nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required* supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) benefits to its employees.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, are presented in the other supplementary information section, immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position may serve as an indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$39.29 million at the close of Fiscal Year 2023/24. This is an increase of \$5.21 million over the prior fiscal year.

The following table summarizes the City's ending net position:

Table 1 - Net Position													
	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Tota												
		2024	tai A	2023					2024 2023				
	_	2024		2023		2024		2023	_	2024		2023	
Assets				• • • • • • • •		40.064.448		44.450.000				• • • • • • • •	
Current and other assets	\$	25,325,234	\$	26,830,005	\$	10,061,412	\$	11,170,960	\$	35,386,646	\$	38,000,965	
Capital assets		10,761,126		10,784,112		13,029,009		12,761,652		23,790,135		23,545,764	
Total Assets	\$	36,086,360	\$	37,614,117	\$	23,090,421	\$	23,932,612	\$	59,176,781	\$	61,546,729	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,487,408	\$	3,587,722	\$	2,495,820	\$	2,635,711	\$	5,983,228	\$	6,223,433	
Liabilities													
Current and other liabilities	\$	2,150,078	\$	2,318,817	\$	681,819	\$	640,705	\$	2,831,897	\$	2,959,522	
Noncurrent liabilities		10,600,997		10,908,781		10,550,485		10,344,150		21,151,482		21,252,931	
Total Liabilities	\$	12,751,075	-\$	13,227,598	\$	11,232,304	\$	10,984,855	\$	23,983,379	\$	24,212,453	
		,,,,,,,,		10,22,,02	<u> </u>	,,		10,201,000	-				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,008,818	\$	2,171,414	\$	873,501	\$	36,474	\$	1,882,319	\$	2,207,888	
Deferred linlows of Resources	Ψ	1,000,010	Ψ	2,1/1,717	Ψ	675,501	Ψ	30,474	Ψ	1,002,517	Ψ	2,207,000	
Net Position													
Net investment in capital assets	\$	10,761,126	\$	10,784,112	\$	10,090,009	\$	9,727,598	\$	20,851,135	\$	20,511,710	
Restricted	Ψ	5,490,730	Ψ	5,310,275	Ψ		Ψ	J,121,570	Ψ	5,490,730	Ψ	5,310,275	
						2 200 427		5 910 206					
Unrestricted	_	9,562,019	_	9,708,440	_	3,390,427	_	5,819,396	_	12,952,446	_	15,527,836	
Total Net Position	\$	25,813,875	\$	25,802,827	\$	13,480,436	\$	15,546,994	\$	39,294,311	\$	41,349,821	

A significant portion, or \$20.85 million, of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, (e.g., land, buildings, general government infrastructure, equipment, etc.), net of accumulated depreciation and less any outstanding debt that was used to acquire or construct those assets. Capital assets represent infrastructure which provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this

debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

The \$5.49 million classified as Restricted Net Position, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions, by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, on how they may be used. Complete details of each fund can be found in the fund descriptions.

The remaining balance of \$12.95 million is classified as unrestricted.

At the end of Fiscal Year 2023/24, the City reported a positive balance for the government as a whole. The reasons for the overall financial changes are discussed in the following sections for governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

As shown in the *Statement of Changes in Net Position* schedule, the net position for Governmental Activities decreased by \$87,504 during Fiscal Year 2023/24. This decrease is largely due to an increase in pension expense caused by differences from estimates versus actual results.

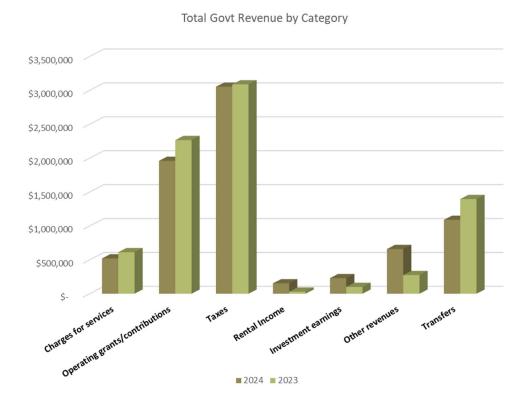
The net position for business-type activities decreased by \$2.09 million during Fiscal Year 2023/24. This decrease was mostly due a decrease in Charges for Services of \$2.46 million and an increase to operating expenses of \$3.12 million, mostly due to changes in estimates from employee benefit plans. An analysis of the changes in revenues and expenses by type of significant events follows:

Table 2 - Statement of Changes in Net Position													
	Governmen	tal Activities	Increase	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Increase	То	Totals					
Functions/Programs	2024	2023	(Decrease)	2024	2023	(Decrease)	2024	2023	(Decrease)				
Program Revenues													
Charges for services	\$ 520,289	\$ 611,883	\$ (91,594)	\$ 10,632,804	\$ 13,089,323	\$ (2,456,519)	\$ 11,153,093	\$ 13,701,206	\$ (2,548,113)				
Operating grants and contributions	1,959,392	2,265,638	(306,246)	304,555	87,434	217,121	2,263,947	2,353,072	(89,125)				
Total Program Revenues	2,479,681	2,877,521	(397,840)	10,937,359	13,176,757	(2,239,398)	13,417,040	16,054,278	(2,637,238)				
General Revenues													
Taxes	3,052,187	3,087,539	(35,352)	-	-	-	3,052,187	3,087,539	(35,352)				
Rental income	153,357	30,592	122,765	-	-	-	153,357	30,592	122,765				
Investment earnings	229,050	100,277	128,773	143,931	53,057	90,874	372,981	153,334	219,647				
Other revenues	659,257	274,474	384,783	3,693	15,294	(11,601)	662,950	289,768	373,182				
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	(19,198)	19,198	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers	1,089,502	1,395,944	(306,442)	(1,089,502)	(1,395,944)	306,442	-						
Total General Revenues	5,183,353	4,869,628	313,725	(941,878)	(1,327,593)	385,715	4,241,475	3,561,233	680,242				
Expenses													
General government	282,187	224,089	58,098	-	-	-	282,187	224,089	58,098				
Public safety	4,850,572	3,335,114	1,515,458	-	-	-	4,850,572	3,335,114	1,515,458				
Streets and public works	1,272,254	1,132,256	139,998	-	-	-	1,272,254	1,132,256	139,998				
Community development	853,798	359,130	494,668	-	-	-	853,798	359,130	494,668				
Parks and recreation	491,727	369,367	122,360	-	-	-	491,727	369,367	122,360				
Electric	-	-	-	7,494,671	6,843,213	651,458	7,494,671	6,843,213	651,458				
Water	-	-	-	1,454,505	782,138	672,367	1,454,505	782,138	672,367				
Sewer	-	-	-	2,807,162	1,334,078	1,473,084	2,807,162	1,334,078	1,473,084				
Other proprietary	-			334,084	6,991	327,093	334,084	6,991	327,093				
Total Expenses	7,750,538	5,419,956	2,330,582	12,090,422	8,966,420	3,124,002	19,840,960	14,386,376	5,454,584				
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Position	(87,504)	2,327,193	(2,414,697)	(2,094,941)	2,882,744	(4,977,685)	(2,182,445)	5,229,135	(7,411,580)				
Prior Period Adjustments	98,552	-	98,552	28,383	-	28,383	126,935	-	126,935				
Net Position, Beginning of Year	25,802,827	23,475,634	2,327,193	15,546,994	12,664,250	2,882,744	41,349,821	36,139,884	5,209,937				
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 25,813,875	\$ 25,802,827	\$ 11,048	\$ 13,480,436	\$ 15,546,994	\$ (2,066,558)	\$ 39,294,311	\$ 41,369,019	\$ (2,074,708)				

Governmental Activities

Governmental Revenues

The following chart summarizes the changes in revenues by category during Fiscal Year 2023/24:

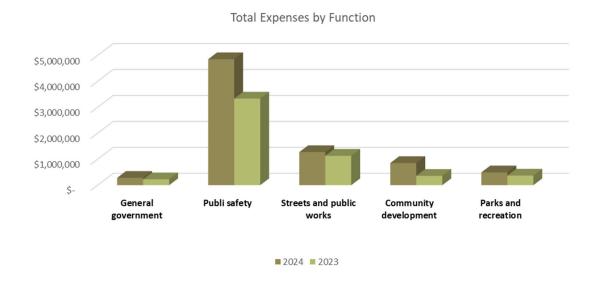


Significant changes in governmental revenues consisted of the following:

- Charges for Services in governmental activities decreased by \$91,594 mostly from less revenue received from Impact Fees and Recreation Revenue. Although Plan Review fees were greater than the previous fiscal year, there was still a decrease.
- In Fiscal Year 2023/24, operating grants and contributions decreased by \$306,246. The decrease was
 mainly due to one-time grants received from federal, state and county agencies in the prior fiscal year.
- Taxes decreased by \$35,352, mostly because the city received less Sales and Use Taxes compared to the previous fiscal year.
- Rental Income increased by \$122,765 mostly due to a one-time correction to rental income for the FEMA payments.
- Investment earnings increased by \$128,773 which reflects the rise in interest rates and changes in fair value.
- Other revenue increased by \$384,783 due to the recognition of deferred grants.
- Transfers decreased by \$306,442, mostly due to the transfer of GHG carbon credits that were posted to the Electric Fund and now being tracked in its own Fund.

Governmental Expenses

The Fiscal Year 2023/24 expenses for Governmental Activities decreased by \$2.43 million as illustrated in the chart below:

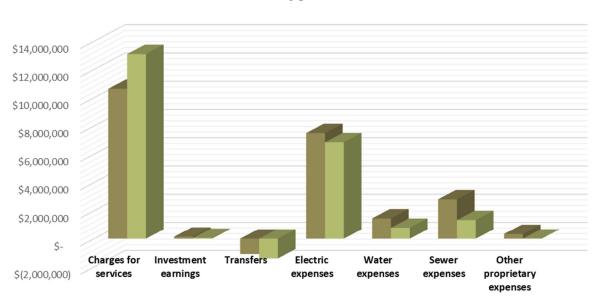


Significant changes in governmental expenses consisted of the following:

Overall governmental expenses increased by \$2.33 million mostly from increases to public safety and community development services. Public safety expenses increased by \$1.52 million mostly due to the increase of salaries and benefits for public safety employees. Community development expenses increased by \$494,668 mostly because of the CDBG loan payments for Sunrise Village Senior Housing. The changes in program expenses are a part of the presentation of financial statements on a government-wide perspective, whereby expenditures are allocated to departments related to adjustments for actuarial pension reports and depreciation. Additional allocations or conversion entries are needed to convert fund statements to a government-wide perspective

Business-Type Activities

The City's net position for business-type activities decreased by \$2.07 million. The following chart is a summary of the changes in revenues and expenses for the City's business-type activities from Fiscal Year 2023/24 to 2022/23, with additional analysis following the chart:



Business-Type Activities

■ 2024 ■ 2023

Total Program Revenues for business-type activities decreased by \$2.46 million when compared to the prior fiscal year. \$1.28 million of this amount was a one-time settlement payment from NCPA to the electric fund. The remaining amount was an increased amount in utility billing, with the majority coming from the Electric fund.

Total General Revenues increased by \$385,715 because of increased investment earnings and transfers out decreased by \$306,442 related to the transfer of GHG carbon credits that were posted to the Electric Fund and now being tracked in its own Fund in the prior year.

Total expenses for business type activities increased by \$3.12 million when compared to the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to employee salary and benefits increase to include GASB 68 costs.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Council.

The following summarizes the fund balances by major and nonmajor funds:

		Table	3 - S	ummary of F	und E	Balances - Go	over	nmental Fun	ds			
	General Fund		08-	-Home-4987 Grant		Block Grant		Grant Related		Nonmajor overnmental		Tatal
		runa		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		Total
Nonspendable	\$	141,286	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	141,286
Restricted		-		3,885		616,998		2,090,300		2,824,869		5,536,052
Committed		41,510		-		-		-		-		41,510
Assigned		5,113,277		-		-		-		-		5,113,277
Unassigned		2,714,345				-		-		(1,745,237)		969,108
Total Fund Balance	\$	8,010,418	\$	3,885	\$	616,998	\$	2,090,300	\$	1,079,632	\$	11,801,233

Total Fund Balance as of June 30, 2024 was \$11.8 million. Of this amount, \$969,108, or 8.21%, was unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance was either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it was (1) not in a spendable form, \$141,286; (2) restricted for particular purposes, \$5.54 million; (3) committed by Council resolution for a specific purpose, \$41,510; or (3) assigned for particular purposes, \$5.11 million. A summary of the changes in fund balance of the Major Funds and Nonmajor Governmental Funds is presented below:

Table 4 - Summary of Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds													
	General Fund		08-Home-4987 Grant Fund			Block Grant Fund		Grant Related Funds		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total	
Total Revenues	\$	4,273,013	\$	75	\$	204,248	\$	709,509	\$	963,665	\$	6,150,510	
Total Expenditures		6,966,687				487,571		339,061		1,241,837		9,035,156	
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,693,674)		75		(283,323)		370,448		(278,172)		(2,884,646)	
Transfers in		1,476,517		-		-		354,462		3,725,308		5,556,287	
Transfers out		(3,930,222)				(149,548)		(346,485)		(40,530)		(4,466,785)	
Net change in fund balances		(5,147,379)		75		(432,871)		378,425		3,406,606		(1,795,144)	
Beginning of year		12,947,169		3,810		1,049,869		1,712,452		(2,215,475)		13,497,825	
Prior Period Adjustment		210,628				-		(577)		(111,499)		98,552	
End of year	\$	8,010,418	\$	3,885	\$	616,998	\$	2,090,300	\$	1,079,632	\$	11,801,233	

As of June 30, 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11.8 million, a decrease of \$1.7 million when compared with the prior fiscal year.

Analysis of Individual Funds

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of the end of Fiscal Year 2023/24, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2.71 million, while total fund balance decreased to \$8.01 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 38.96% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 114.98% of total general fund expenditures.

The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$4.94 million for Fiscal Year 2023/24. This is primarily attributed to \$3.93 million in transfers into nonmajor funds, which included \$1.6 million to the Planning and Development Fund and \$1.9 million to the Recreation Related Fund. In addition, operating expenditures exceeded operating revenues by \$2.69 million during fiscal year 2023/24.

The 08-Home-4987 Fund's fund balance increased by \$75 during the year. This fund is reported as major because of the loans reported in that fund totaling \$5.55 million at year end.

The Bock Grant Fund's fund balance decreased by \$42,871 during the year as expenditures exceeded revenues by this amount during the year.

The Grant Related Funds fund balance increased by \$377,848 during the year as revenues exceeded expenditures by \$370,448.

Nonmajor Governmental Fund's fund balances increased by \$3.3 million mainly due to transfers from the General Fund totaling \$3.93 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Changes from the City's General Fund original budget to the final budget are detailed in the *Required Supplementary Information* section along with a comparison to actual activity for the fiscal year ended. Changes to the City's budget that increase or decrease appropriations in a fund must be approved by a resolution of the City Council.

Revenues

The General Fund adopted and final revenue budgets were \$4.96 million with actual revenues at \$4.27 million. The overall budgetary difference of \$686,819 primarily reflects other revenue that was less than expected by \$914,310. Originally, the General Fund Sports Complex reimbursement of \$1.015 million was going to be recorded in the General Fund, but a separate fund was created for this revenue.

Expenditures

The General Fund adopted and final expenditure budget was \$8.99 million. The actual expenditures totaled \$6.97 million, which resulted in a net difference from the final budget of \$2.03 million. This budgetary variance was mostly attributable to lower-than-expected capital outlay and general government costs.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City of Gridley's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024, was \$23.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This includes net capital assets from governmental activities of \$10.76 million and net capital assets from business-type activities of \$13.03 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and sewer systems.

The following table summarizes the City's capital assets at the end of the fiscal year:

Table 5 - Capital Assets at Year End - Net

		Government	al A	ctivities	 Business-type	Act	ivities	Tota	al		
		2024		2023	2024		2023	2024		2023	% Change
Land - non-depreciable	\$	1,150,990	\$	1,142,779	\$ 921,793	\$	921,793	\$ 2,072,783	\$	2,064,572	0.40%
Construction in Progress - non-depres	(673,373		345,812	941,151		644,242	1,614,524		990,054	63.07%
Infrastructure		3,416,714		3,686,180	3,301,074		3,463,139	6,717,788		7,149,319	-6.04%
Buildings and Improvements		871,548		984,269	166,392		183,491	1,037,940		1,167,760	-11.12%
Improvements other than Buildings		3,219,110		3,069,319	4,929,439		5,375,367	8,148,549		8,444,686	-3.51%
Vehicle and Equipment		1,429,391		1,555,753	2,769,160		2,172,501	4,198,551		3,728,254	12.61%
Right of Use Assets		-			-		1,119	-		1,119	-100.00%
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	10,761,126	\$	10,784,112	\$ 13,029,009	\$	12,761,652	\$ 23,790,135	\$	23,545,764	1.04%

The total increase in the City's capital assets, net of depreciation and disposals was \$244,371. In Governmental Activities, the net decrease in capital assets was \$22,986, or .21%, while business-type activities capital assets increased by \$267,357, or 2.1%. These changes were mainly attributed to additions in excess of depreciation.

Additional detail and information on capital asset activity is included in the notes to the financial statements, Note 6.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$3.03 million which was all reported in business-type activities.

The following table summarizes the City's debt at the end of the fiscal year:

Table 6 - Outstanding Long-Term Debt at Year End

USDA Rural Development Loan USDA Rural Development Loan Lease Liability Total outstanding long-term debt

		Busi	iness-	type Activities	
2024				2023	% Change
	\$	865,000	\$	903,000	-4.21%
		2,074,000		2,130,000	-2.63%
		-		1,054	-100.00%
	\$	2,939,000	\$	3,034,054	-3.13%

During the fiscal year, long-term debt decreased by \$95,054. The reduction in Long-Term Debt was a result of debt service payments. Additional detail and information on long-term debt activity is included in the notes to the financial statements, Note 7.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Summary

The City's primary revenue sources include property taxes, sales and use taxes, and Franchise Tax Fee and Stage Coach Trailer Tax. Property tax revenue is projected to grow as the City anticipates more housing to be built.

The City's General Fund revenue for FY 2023-2024 was \$4.27 million, the projection for FY 2024-2025 is \$6.17 million. The increase is mainly due to property taxes, sales tax, and the state trailer coach tax. As we expect more housing, franchise fee revenue is expected to increase as well. We will monitor these fees and review the impact. The City and the third party, UFS, completed the rate study and presented to the public and City Council. The City Council voted to increase Electric, Water, and Sewer in 2024 and 2025. While the approaching fiscal year reflects increased revenue receipts, the economic outlook assumes the leveling off of sales and use taxes to anticipate only a conservative 3% growth over prior year revenues as consumers shift from goods to services.

Planned expenditures also increased in the upcoming fiscal year. City staffing levels increased to 63.5 full-time equivalents (FTE) in fiscal year 2023-2024. The cost of staffing increases from \$9.5 million to \$9.8 million due to a combination of factors such as negotiated salary and benefit adjustments, personnel advancement (annual merit or salary step adjustments), rising retirement and health insurance costs and additional staff. Personnel costs steadily increased, approaching over \$10 million by fiscal year 2025-2026, without any additional increase in FTE beyond the fiscal year 2024-2025 staffing levels.

However, even without an increase in staffing levels, the City faces rising personnel costs primarily attributed to pension-related expenses. In addition to its annual contributions toward retirement costs for existing employees, the City makes an annual required payment to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for the City's unfunded accrued liability ("UAL"). The UAL payment for FY 2023-2024 was \$654K. FY 2024-2025 UAL payment is project to be roughly \$1.25 million. The City has a plan in place to pay additional payments in an effort to reduce the liability payment in future years. There are options to this such as Section 115 Trust or adjustments of the Amortization Schedule. Finance staff has prepared a report and presented its findings to the public and Gridley City Council.

If the City Council elects to start funding a Section 115 trust, it will have to plan and continually fund the trust while maintaining an annual balanced budget. To achieve this, the revenues must sustain an annual growth over the next several years and controlling the citywide expenses, particularly regarding the salary and benefits and capital outlay. Inflation also affects the ability to reduce costs for staffing, services, and supplies.

Outlook for Major Revenues

Property Taxes

The City's land capacity for new housing is limited, which curtails the availability of housing stock. The rising cost of housing as well as the loan rates, creates a volatility in the housing market. This limited supply, coupled with a high demand for housing driven by the City's desirability as a place to live, contributes to a healthy real estate market and thus the stability and strength of property tax revenues.

Unlike sales tax and franchise fees, the fiscal year 2024-2025 budget assumed minimal growth in property tax and continued resiliency.

The State median home price averaged over \$832K in 2024, setting a 6% increase from prior year. The California median home sales price for 2025 is expected to rise 13%. Gridley has consistent property tax base and the City does not foresee the average home in Gridley to be as high as the California Median home price. While fiscal year 2024-2025 property tax revenue is on par with projections, annual growth of 3% is conservatively realistic. The financial forecast assumes 3% annual growth over the next several years.

Sales and Use Taxes

Many of the features that contribute to residential quality of life, such as a temperate climate, natural beauty, and various family friendly events also attract visitors. The unique restaurants and other shopping options located within the City, as well as grocery and clothing retailers contributes to shopping opportunities for residents and visitors alike. The City also hosts the yearly Butte County Fair at the end of August, this also attracts visitors from surrounding cities and is a popular attraction.

2024-2025 budget projects a \$1.6 million, which is slightly higher change when comparing to FY 2023-2024 actuals. Inflation is a major factor, recent trends show inflation has cooled in FY 2024-2025 while financing costs are expected to begin a gradual decent in the second half of 2024. The City will be closely monitoring this and adjust budgeted amounts during a Mid-Year Budget review if needed.

Franchise Fees

The City currently gets Franchise Fees Revenues from vendors that provide a service that the City does not provide, but is essential for our residents. This includes Waste/Environmental Services, Cable/Internet Services, and Gas Services. These services play a vital role in the quality of life for our residents and it benefits the City as a source of revenue. There was a projected minimal increase of 3% for FY 2024-2025. The City will collect revenue from the fees which are collected from the vendor providing the services. As the pandemic has subsided and new housing expected in Gridley, the City should see an increase in revenue.

Outlook for Major Expenditures

Salaries and Benefits

The City's largest expenditure is related to the cost of personnel. City staffing levels increased to 63 full-time equivalents (FTE) in fiscal year 2023-2024. Correspondingly, the cost of staffing increases from \$9.5 million to \$11.4 million due to a combination of factors such as negotiated salary and benefit adjustments, step increases, rising retirement and health care costs and additional staff. Personnel costs steadily increase, approaching \$12 million by fiscal year 2025-2026, with additional increases in FTE beyond fiscal year 2024-2025 staffing levels. The City will also be entering into Union Negotiations towards the end of FY 2024-2025, which will have an impact on the budget personnel and benefits cost.

Pension Costs

The City provides a defined pension plan through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) for its full-time employees. As such, the City is responsible for contributing toward current employees' retirement packages based upon a set amount determined by CalPERS based upon a percentage of salary ("employer contribution"). The employer contribution is included within the City's overall budgeted salary and benefit costs. In addition, the City is obligated to make additional pension payments to CalPERS known as the Unfunded Accrued Lability ("UAL"). The UAL addresses any shortfall between the funding CalPERS needs to pay for retirement benefits when employees retire; compared to the funding that CalPERS currently has on hand to pay for the estimated costs of these benefits.

The City's UAL is estimated at \$14.7 million (not including interest) based on the valuation date of June 30, 2023. As calculated by CalPERS, the City's UAL annual contribution payment has been steadily increasing and projected to increase by \$1.7 million by year 2034. The City anticipates annual contribution costs will continue to rise over the next several years even if staffing levels remain unchanged. To help address its pension obligations, the City has a plan in place in efforts to reduce the liability.

Other Operating Costs

In order to deliver services to the community, the City procures various types of goods and services. The category of services and supplies assumes a modest annual growth in fiscal year 2024-2025, as the City adjusts for goods and services overall sensitivity to inflation. The City is hopeful that federal interest rates will ease in 2025 and inflation will slow. The City contracts for specialized professional services and costs trend upward based upon credentials, certifications and qualifications of the individuals providing the service. Moreover, the City currently contracts with another governmental agency for fire prevention and response services, subject to increases based upon salary and benefits, including pension. Overall costs across all sectors are significantly higher over prior fiscal years.

Capital Projects

The City capital expenditures budgeted is \$5.01 million in fiscal year 2024-2025. The City's Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan totals \$32.5 million and identifies needs of \$6.5 million annually over the next five fiscal years. Similar to service and supplies, inflation and other market-based conditions drive the availability of contractors and costs to implement public works projects, subject to prevailing wage. In addition, deferring building and infrastructure maintenance drives long-term costs for repair and replacement.

Debt Service

In FY 2022, the City worked with a third party vendor and successfully refinanced two bonds. The City was able to refinance at a lower interest rate which in turn will be an interest cost savings to the City. Prior to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency ("RDA"), the former agency issued a \$2.9 million and \$1.7 million bond for the purpose of providing funds to finance redevelopment projects.

REQUEST FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all of the City's residents, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Gridley Finance Department at 685 Kentucky St., Gridley, CA 95948, or visit the City of Gridley webpage at www.gridley.ca.us.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Gridley Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	<u> </u>	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities 12,416,849 \$ 7,873,093 95,069 881,194 450,039 116,780 29,879 22,616 412,927 - 57,768 45,078 - 1,207,357 326,868 - 25,300 - 84,706 (84,706) 13,899,405 10,061,412 11,123,798 - 302,031 - 1,824,363 1,862,944 8,936,763 11,166,065 10,761,126 13,029,009 12,2186,055 13,029,009		Total	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$		\$		\$ 20,289,942
Accounts receivable		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	976,263
Due from other governments		450,039		116,780	566,819
Interest receivable		29,879		22,616	52,495
Taxes receivable		412,927		-	412,927
Prepaid items		57,768		45,078	102,846
Inventory		=		1,207,357	1,207,357
Advances to fiduciary funds		326,868		-	326,868
Leases receivable		25,300		-	25,300
Internal balances		84,706		(84,706)	-
Total Current Assets		13,899,405		10,061,412	23,960,817
Noncurrent Assets:					
Loans receivable		11,123,798		_	11,123,798
Leases receivable		302,031		_	302,031
Capital Assets:					
Nondepreciable		1,824,363		1,862,944	3,687,307
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		8,936,763		11,166,065	20,102,828
Total Capital Assets, Net		10,761,126		13,029,009	23,790,135
Total Noncurrent Assets		22,186,955		13,029,009	35,215,964
Total Assets	\$	36,086,360	\$	23,090,421	\$ 59,176,781
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Adjustments	\$	3,487,408	\$	2,495,820	\$ 5,983,228
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	3,487,408	\$	2,495,820	\$ 5,983,228

Continued

LIABILITIES	_	overnmental Activities		Business- Type Activities		Total
Current Liabilities:	_		_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	476,874	\$	129,709	\$	606,583
Accrued expenses		-		54,187		54,187
Unearned revenue		1,405,022		-		1,405,022
Deposits payable		56,850		268,267		325,117
Interest payable		-		22,333		22,333
Compensated absences, due within one year		211,332		110,323		321,655
Long-term debt, due within one year				97,000		97,000
Total Current Liabilities		2,150,078		681,819		2,831,897
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Total OPEB liability		1,878,637		1,417,217		3,295,854
Net pension liability		8,486,091		6,147,330		14,633,421
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		236,269		143,938		380,207
Long-term debt, due in more than one year		<u>-</u>		2,842,000		2,842,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		10,600,997		10,550,485		21,151,482
Total Liabilities	\$	12,751,075	\$	11,232,304	\$	23,983,379
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Leases	\$	320,681	\$	-	\$	320,681
Pension Adjustments		498,341		730,322		1,228,663
OPEB Adjustments		189,796		143,179		332,975
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,008,818	\$	873,501	\$	1,882,319
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	10,761,126	\$	10,090,009	\$	20,851,135
Restricted for:						
Redevelopment		1,212,757		-		1,212,757
Grants		3,189,681		-		3,189,681
Taxes and fees		1,086,582		-		1,086,582
Capital projects		-		-		-
Other		1,710		-		1,710
Total Restricted		5,490,730		-		5,490,730
Unrestricted		9,562,019		3,390,427		12,952,446
Total Net Position	\$	25,813,875	\$	13,480,436	\$	39,294,311

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Concluded

			Progran	ı Re	venues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		(Operating Grants and ontributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total			
Primary Government:	•										
Governmental Activities:											
General government	\$ 282,187	\$	290,110	\$	225,566	\$ 233,489		\$ 233,489			
Public safety	4,850,572		28,746		438,441	(4,383,385)		(4,383,385)			
Streets and public works	1,272,254		-		1,154,165	(118,089)		(118,089)			
Community development	853,798		179,107		141,220	(533,471)		(533,471)			
Parks and recreation	491,727		22,326		-	(469,401)		(469,401)			
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,750,538	\$	520,289	\$	1,959,392	(5,270,857)		(5,270,857)			
Business-Type Activities:											
Electric	\$ 7,494,671	\$	8,017,743	\$	_		523,072	523,072			
Water	1,454,505		1,151,881		_		(302,624)	(302,624)			
Sewer	2,807,162		1,460,038		_		(1,347,124)	(1,347,124)			
Other proprietary	334,084		3,142		304,555		(26,387)	(26,387)			
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 12,090,422	\$1	0,632,804	\$	304,555	_	(1,153,063)	(1,153,063)			
	General Revenu Taxes:	es:									
	Property tax	ces				635,438	-	635,438			
	Sales and u	se ta	xes			1,708,830	-	1,708,830			
	Motor vehi	ele a	nd gas taxe	S		390,783	-	390,783			
	Occupancy	tax				23,642	-	23,642			
	Franchise ta	axes				152,660	-	152,660			
	Other taxes					140,834	-	140,834			
	Total tax	es				3,052,187	-	3,052,187			
	Investment ea	rnin	gs			229,050	143,931	372,981			
	Rental income	e				153,357	-	153,357			
	Other revenue	es				659,257	3,693	662,950			
	Total Gener	ral R	evenues			4,093,851	147,624	4,241,475			
	Transfers					1,089,502	(1,089,502)	-			
	Total Ger	neral	Revenues	and	Transfers	5,183,353	(941,878)	4,241,475			
	Change in	n Ne	t Position			(87,504)	(2,094,941)	(2,182,445)			
	Net Position		Beginning	of '	Year	25,802,827	15,546,994	41,349,821			
			Adjustment			98,552	28,383	126,935			
			Beginning		Adjusted	25,901,379	15,575,377	41,476,756			
	Net Posit	ion -	End of Ye	ar		\$ 25,813,875	\$ 13,480,436	\$ 39,294,311			

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For the City, the general fund includes such activities as public safety, public ways and facilities, parks and recreation services, and economic development services.

The *08-Home-4987 Grant Fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for the activities of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development HOME Investment Partnerships Grant.

The *Block Grant Fund* is a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Revolving Loan program and Economic Development Block Grant (EDBG) Program. The City participates in this federally funded program that is utilized to fund housing activities, community facilities and public service projects serving lower income private parties and businesses. Eligible activities include funding housing activities (single/multi-family) rehabilitation, rental housing acquisition, homeownership assistance, or new construction. Interest may vary depending on the loan terms and interest may be deferred until the related property is refinanced or sold. The repayment of the loans results in program income, which is deposited into the Housing Rehabilitation Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) program for public benefit projects, general administration, and program delivery functions (preapproved ratios to the funds loaned).

The *Grant Related Fund* is used to account for various restricted grants, mostly from the State of California (transportation, planning, and COPS grants).

		General Fund	08-	Home-4987 Grant Fund		Block Grant Fund		Grant Related Funds		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	Φ	5 555 O.C.C	Ф	2.072	Ф	120.760	Ф	2 444 462	Ф	2.062.000	Ф	12 41 6 0 40
Cash and investments	\$	5,575,866	\$	3,873	\$	428,760	\$	3,444,462	\$	2,963,888	\$	12,416,849
Accounts receivable		87,298		-		954		20.040		6,817		95,069
Due from other governments		16.040		- 10		77,826		29,040		343,173		450,039
Interest receivable		16,848		12		1,338		2,042		9,639		29,879
Taxes receivable		386,842		- 5.546.250		2.060.162		2 700 205		26,085		412,927
Loans receivable		-		5,546,250		2,868,163		2,709,385		-		11,123,798
Due from other funds		2,353,627		-		-		-		329,517		2,683,144
Prepaid items		57,768		-		-		-		-		57,768
Leases receivable		327,331		-		250,000		-		-		327,331
Advances to fiduciary funds	_	76,868		-	_	250,000			_	-		326,868
Total assets	\$	8,882,448	\$	5,550,135	\$	3,627,041	\$	6,184,929	\$	3,679,119	\$	27,923,672
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:	Ф	470.200	Ф		Ф	1 104	Ф	4 222	Ф	1.040	Ф	476 074
Accounts payable	\$	470,398	\$	-	\$	1,104	\$	4,323	\$	1,049	\$	476,874
Unearned revenue		24,101		-		-		-		-		24,101
Deposits payable		56,850		-		-		-		- 2 500 420		56,850
Due to other funds Total liabilities		551,349		-		1,104		4,323		2,598,438 2,599,487		2,598,438 3,156,263
1 otai nabiities		331,349		-		1,104		4,323		2,399,467		3,130,203
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Leases		320,681		-		-		-		-		320,681
Unavailable revenues		-		5,546,250		3,008,939		4,090,306		-		12,645,495
Total deferred inflows of resources		320,681		5,546,250		3,008,939		4,090,306		-		12,966,176
Fund Balances: Nonspendable												
Leases receivable		6,650		_		_		_		-		6,650
Advances to fiduciary funds		76,868		_		-		_		_		76,868
Prepaid items		57,768		-		-		-		-		57,768
Total nonspendable		141,286		-		-		-		-		141,286
Restricted:		,										
Redevelopment		-		-		-		-		1,212,757		1,212,757
Grants		-		3,885		616,998		2,090,300		478,498		3,189,681
Taxes and fees		-		-		-		-		1,086,582		1,086,582
Community development		-		-		-		-		45,322		45,322
Other		-		-		-		-		1,710		1,710
Total restricted		-		3,885		616,998		2,090,300		2,824,869		5,536,052
Committed:												
Infrastructure reserve		41,510		-		-		-		-		41,510
Total committed		41,510		-		-		-		-		41,510
Assigned:												
Bond reserve		3,217,538		-		-		-		-		3,217,538
Equipment replacement		1,805,481		-		-		-		-		1,805,481
Building maintenance		90,258		-		-		-		-		90,258
Total assigned		5,113,277		-		-		-		-		5,113,277
Unassigned		2,714,345		-		-		-		(1,745,237)		969,108
Total fund balances		8,010,418		3,885		616,998		2,090,300		1,079,632		11,801,233
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												

City of Gridley

Reconciliation of the Government Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 11,801,233
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position were different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows:	
Capital assets	24,349,251
Less: accumulated depreciation	(13,588,125)
Total Capital Assets	10,761,126
The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.	2,799,271
Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund statements.	
The unavailable amounts offset loans receivable in the fund statements.	11,264,574
Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows:	
Compensated absences	(447,601)
Net pension liability	(8,486,091)
Total OPEB liability	(1,878,637)
Total Long-Term Obligations	(10,812,329)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 25,813,875

City of Gridley Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund		08-Home-4987 Grant Fund		Block Grant Fund		Grant Related Funds		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES												
Taxes and assessments	\$ 3,283,264	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	660,667	\$	3,943,931	
Licenses, permits and fees	209,920		-		-		-		26,501		236,421	
Fines and forfeitures	10,525		-		-		-		28,747		39,272	
Intergovernmental	220,474		-		-		697,380		127,889		1,045,743	
Charges for services	63,780		-		-		-		1,710		65,490	
Program income	-		-		169,422		-		-		169,422	
Use of money and property	271,865		75		34,826		12,129		63,512		382,407	
Other revenue	213,185				-		-		54,639		267,824	
Total Revenues	4,273,013		75		204,248		709,509		963,665		6,150,510	
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government	214,850		-		-		18,083		-		232,933	
Public safety	5,456,407		-		-		45,694		-		5,502,101	
Streets and public works	432,079		-		-		-		608,893		1,040,972	
Community development	65,189		-		487,571		55,688		398,117		1,006,565	
Parks and recreation	141,244		-		-		44,233		229,008		414,485	
Capital outlay	656,918				-		175,363		5,819		838,100	
Total Expenditures	6,966,687		-		487,571		339,061		1,241,837		9,035,156	
Excess (Deficiency) of												
Revenues over Expenditures	(2,693,674)		75		(283,323)		370,448		(278,172)		(2,884,646)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	1,476,517		_		_		354,462		3,725,308		5,556,287	
Transfers out	(3,930,222)		-		(149,548)		(346,485)		(40,530)		(4,466,785)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,453,705)		-		(149,548)		7,977		3,684,778		1,089,502	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,147,379)) <u> </u>	75		(432,871)		378,425		3,406,606		(1,795,144)	
Fund Balances Beginning	12,947,169		3,810		1,049,869		1,712,452		(2,215,475)		13,497,825	
Prior Period Adjustments	210,628		-		-		(577)		(111,499)		98,552	
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted	13,157,797		3,810		1,049,869		1,711,875		(2,326,974)		13,596,377	
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 8,010,418	\$	3,885	\$	616,998	\$	2,090,300	\$	1,079,632	\$	11,801,233	

City of Gridley

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

\$ (1,795,144)
774,562
(797,548)
(29,363)
389,032 33,990
1,286,896
50,071
\$ (87,504)
\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *Electric Fund* is used to account for the activities of the City's electric generation and distribution operations.

The *Water Fund* is used to account for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

The **Sewer Fund** is used to account for the activities of the City's sewage collection and treatment operations.

Nonmajor enterprise funds include the Drainage Fund, Solid Waste Fund and Senior Taxi Fund.

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds									
		Electric Fund		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$	1,241,685	\$	2,603,462	\$	3,903,457	\$	124,489	\$	7,873,093
Accounts receivable, net		641,072		97,465		142,657		-		881,194
Due from other governments		26,346		-		-		90,434		116,780
Interest receivable		4,304		6,942		10,974		396		22,616
Due from other funds		-		-		-		244,323		244,323
Prepaid items		26,422		9,328		9,328		-		45,078
Inventory		1,153,129		52,244		1,984		-		1,207,357
Total current assets		3,092,958		2,769,441		4,068,400		459,642		10,390,441
Noncurrent assets:										
Capital assets:										
Nondepreciable assets		784,193		384,033		694,718		-		1,862,944
Depreciable, net		3,227,807		2,402,485		5,535,773		-		11,166,065
Total capital assets, net		4,012,000		2,786,518		6,230,491		-		13,029,009
Total noncurrent assets		4,012,000		2,786,518		6,230,491		-		13,029,009
Total assets	\$	7,104,958	\$	5,555,959	\$	10,298,891	\$	459,642	\$	23,419,450
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension adjustments	\$	1,267,149	\$	442,312	\$	605,287	\$	181,072	\$	2,495,820
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,267,149	\$	442,312	\$	605,287	\$	181,072	\$	2,495,820
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	97,856	\$	17,248	\$	12,177	\$	2,428	\$	129,709
Accrued expenses	Ψ	35,978	Ψ	1,838	Ψ	16,371	Ψ	-	Ψ	54,187
Interest payable		-		-		22,333		_		22,333
Deposits payable		268,267		_				_		268,267
Due to other funds		-		_		_		329,029		329,029
Compensated absences, current		56,011		19,426		27,718		7,168		110,323
Long-term liabilities, current		-				97,000		-		97,000
Total current liabilities		458,112	_	38,512	_	175,599		338,625	_	1,010,848
Noncurrent liabilities:			_		_	-,-,-,-			_	-,,
Total OPEB liability		692,129		362,544		362,544		_		1,417,217
Net pension liability		3,121,051		1,089,436		1,490,853		445,990		6,147,330
Compensated absences, noncurrent		2,062		54,291		71,198		16,387		143,938
Long-term liabilities, noncurrent		-,		,		2,842,000				2,842,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,815,242		1,506,271		4,766,595		462,377		10,550,485
Total liabilities	\$	4,273,354	\$	1,544,783	\$	4,942,194	\$	801,002		11,561,333
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
	Φ.	270 701	Ф	120 420	ď.	177 110	Φ.	52.005	Ф	720.222
Pension adjustments	\$	370,791	\$	129,428	\$	177,118	\$	52,985	\$	730,322
OPEB adjustments Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	69,925 440,716	\$	36,627 166,055	\$	36,627 213,745	\$	52,985	\$	143,179 873,501
	Ψ	. 10,710	Ψ	100,033	Ψ	213,173	Ψ	52,705	Ψ	073,301
NET POSITION										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	4,012,000	\$	2,786,518	\$	3,291,491	\$	-	\$	10,090,009
Unrestricted		(353,963)		1,500,915		2,456,748		(213,273)		3,390,427
Total net position	\$	3,658,037	\$	4,287,433	\$	5,748,239	\$	(213,273)	\$	13,480,436

City of Gridley Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 8,017,743	\$ 1,151,881	\$ 1,460,038	\$ 3,142	\$ 10,632,804	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	304,555	304,555	
Other revenue		1,050		2,643	3,693	
Total operating revenues	8,017,743	1,152,931	1,460,038	310,340	10,941,052	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and benefits	2,338,276	705,257	1,242,297	295,953	4,581,783	
Materials and supplies	354,185	186,006	274,094	12,158	826,443	
Repairs and maintenance	193,567	173,842	265,831	1,898	635,138	
Power and utilities	3,730,225	204	124,823	-	3,855,252	
Contractual services	183,625	26,907	18,840	511	229,883	
Administration	376,177	165,056	110,331	16,929	668,493	
Miscellaneous	-	-	41,167	-	41,167	
Depreciation and amortization	318,616	197,233	648,561	6,635	1,171,045	
Total operating expenses	7,494,671	1,454,505	2,725,944	334,084	12,009,204	
Operating income (loss)	523,072	(301,574)	(1,265,906)	(23,744)	(1,068,152)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)						
Interest expense	-	_	(81,218)	-	(81,218)	
Interest income	26,809	44,580	69,820	2,722	143,931	
Total nonoperating revenues(expenses)	26,809	44,580	(11,398)	2,722	62,713	
Income (loss) before transfers	549,881	(256,994)	(1,277,304)	(21,022)	(1,005,439)	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						
Transfers in	-	218,772	95,459	-	314,231	
Transfers out	(1,400,000)	_	-	(3,733)	(1,403,733)	
Net contributions and transfers	(1,400,000)	218,772	95,459	(3,733)	(1,089,502)	
Change in net position	(850,119)	(38,222)	(1,181,845)	(24,755)	(2,094,941)	
Total net position - beginning	4,508,529	4,326,028	6,930,084	(217,647)	15,546,994	
Prior period adjustments	(373)	(373)		29,129	28,383	
Total net position - beginning, as adjusted	4,508,156	4,325,655	6,930,084	(188,518)	15,575,377	
Total net position - ending	\$ 3,658,037	\$ 4,287,433	\$ 5,748,239	\$ (213,273)	\$ 13,480,436	

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds							
	Electric Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total			
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers	\$ 8,245,563	\$ 1,155,789	\$ 1,476,017	\$ 220,838	\$ 11,098,207			
Payments to suppliers	(4,971,857)	(567,831)	(849,329)	(1,504)	(6,390,521)			
Payments to employees	(1,758,862)	(581,101)	(829,075)	(137,017)	(3,306,055)			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,514,844	6,857	(202,387)	82,317	1,401,631			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Interfund transactions	(1,400,000)	218,772	95,459	(248,056)	(1,333,825)			
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(1,400,000)	218,772	95,459	(248,056)	(1,333,825)			
Cash flows from capital financing activities:								
Acquisition of capital assets	(782,471)	(381,529)	(275,475)	_	(1,439,475)			
Principal payments on long-term debt	(1,054)	-	(94,000)	_	(95,054)			
Interest paid on long-term debt	-	_	(81,980)	_	(81,980)			
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	(783,525)	(381,529)	(451,455)		(1,616,509)			
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(0 0 1,0 1)	(10-5,100)		(=,===,===)			
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Investment income received	25,723	43,717	68,606	3,113	141,159			
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	25,723	43,717	68,606	3,113	141,159			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(642,958)	(112,183)	(489,777)	(162,626)	(1,407,544)			
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	1,884,643	2,715,645	4,393,234	287,115	9,280,637			
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 1,241,685	\$ 2,603,462	\$ 3,903,457	\$ 124,489	\$ 7,873,093			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ 523,072	\$ (301,574)	\$(1,265,906)	(23,744)	\$ (1,068,152)			
Depreciation	318,616	197,233	648,561	6,635	1,171,045			
Prior period adjustments	(373)	(373)	-	29,129	28,383			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	, ,	· /						
Accounts receivables	250,918	2,858	15,979	932	270,687			
Due from other governments	-	-	-	(90,434)	(90,434)			
Prepaid items	(18,657)	(9,328)	(9,328)	-	(37,313)			
Inventory	(191,922)	(1,838)	(81)	-	(193,841)			
Deferred outflows of resources	99,044	64,340	(3,480)	(20,013)	139,891			
Accounts payable	74,116	(6,115)	(8,995)	863	59,869			
Accrued expenses	2,758	1,838	4,161	-	8,757			
Deposits payable	(23,098)	-	-	-	(23,098)			
Total OPEB liability	(143,845)	(75,347)	(75,347)	-	(294,539)			
Net pension liability	194,124	(39,816)	267,539	160,101	581,948			
Compensated absences	(10,625)	8,924	10,765	2,337	11,401			
Deferred inflows of resources	440,716	166,055	213,745	16,511	837,027			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,514,844	\$ 6,857	\$ (202,387)	\$ 82,317	\$ 1,401,631			

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Private-Purpose Trust Funds

The City's private purpose trust funds include the Main Trust Fund and the Successor Agency Trust Fund.

The Successor Agency was created as a result of the State order to dissolve California Redevelopment Agencies. The Successor Agency Trust Fund is used to track the activities by the Successor Agency Oversight Board and the City's Department of Finance in relation to the remaining assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency. The Housing Successor is governed by the City of Gridley City Council and is obligated to use the Housing Successor Agency's assets according to Redevelopment law for low and moderate-income housing.

Custodial Funds

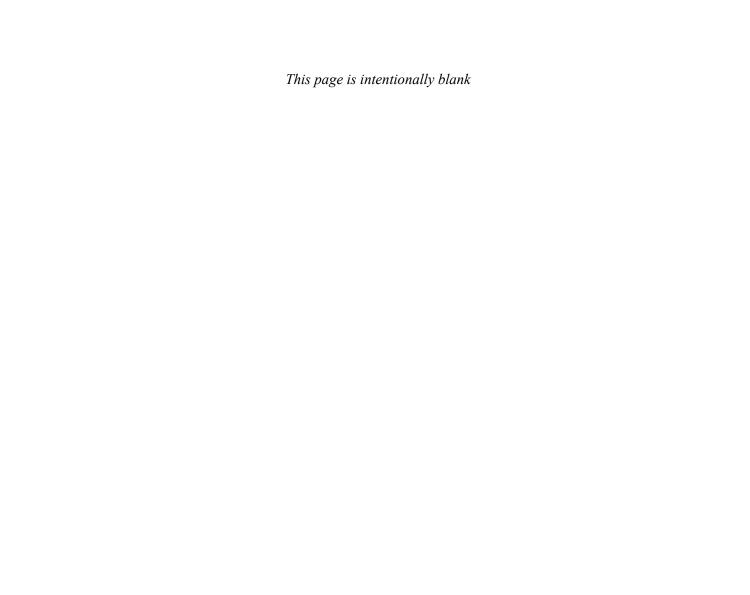
The City's custodial funds include the Gridley Bid Fund and the Hospital JPA Administration Fund.

City of Gridley Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Pι	Private rpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	1,116,572	\$	-	
Restricted cash and investments		16,366		-	
Interest receivable		671		-	
Capital assets, land		1,302,116		-	
Total assets	\$	2,435,725	\$	-	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	150,304	\$	=	
Loss on debt refunding					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	5,130	\$	=	
Interest payable		81,885		-	
Unearned revenue		305,725		-	
Advances from the City		326,868		-	
Long-term liabilities, current		120,000		=	
Long-term liabilities, noncurrent		3,850,000		-	
Total liabilities	\$	4,689,608	\$		
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for private purposes	\$	(2,103,579)	\$	-	
Total net position	\$	(2,103,579)	\$	-	

City of Gridley Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Pur	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS				
Property taxes	\$	466,740	\$	-
Interest Income		4,573		-
Total additions		471,313		-
DEDUCTIONS				
Professional services		78,096		-
Administrative expense		3,542		-
Payments to the City of Gridley		12,895		560
Interest and fiscal charges		194,382		-
Total deductions		288,915		560
Change in net position		182,398		(560)
Total net position - beginning		(2,285,977)		560
Total net position - ending	\$	(2,103,579)	\$	





NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Gridley (the "City") is a municipal corporation organized under the constitution and laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Administrator form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, and animal regulation), street, sanitation, transportation and social services, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, water, sewer, electrical, and general administrative services.

The voters of the City give authority and responsibility for operations to the City Council. The City Council has the authority to employ administrative and support personnel to carry out its directives. The primary method used to monitor the performance of the City's management is the financial budget, which is adopted annually by the City Council.

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City Council acts as the governing board. In addition, the City staff performs all administrative and accounting functions for these entities and these entities provide their services entirely to the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end. The following entities are reported as blended component units:

Gridley Public Financing Authority

The Gridley Public Financing Authority (the "Authority"), established February 4, 2008, is a joint powers authority created by the City of Gridley and the former Gridley Redevelopment Agency. The creation of the Authority is authorized under the MelloRoos Local Bond Pooling Act of 1985, constituting Article 4, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 (commencing with Section 6584) of the California Government Code. The City and the Authority are separate legal entities. For financial reporting purposes, the Authority is reported as a part of the City's operations because the five (5) members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the Authority. The purpose of the Authority is to assist in the financing of public capital improvements. No separate financial statements are issued for the Authority.

B. Basis of Presentation, Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. These funds are established for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The City's government-wide financial statements include a *Statement of Net Position* and a *Statement of Activities*. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the City. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, are included in the accompanying *Statement of Net Position*. The *Statement of Activities* presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the City in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 for interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, interfund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a *Balance Sheet* and a *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The City has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheets. The *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (up to

City of Gridley Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2024

60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are property taxes, taxpayer-assessed tax revenues (sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, etc.), licenses, grant revenues and earnings on investments. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unearned revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The City reports the following funds as major funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For the City, the general fund includes such activities such as public safety, public ways and facilities, parks and recreation services, and economic development services.

08-Home-4987 Fund

The 08-Home-4987 Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the activities of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development HOME Investment Partnerships Grant.

Block Grant Fund

The Block Grant Fund is a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Revolving Loan program and Economic Development Block Grant (EDBG) Program. The City participates in this federally funded program that is utilized to fund housing activities, community facilities and public service projects serving lower income private parties and businesses. Eligible activities include funding housing activities (single/multi-family) rehabilitation, rental housing acquisition, homeownership assistance, or new construction. Interest may vary depending on the loan terms and interest may be deferred until the related property is refinanced or sold. The repayment of the loans results in program income, which is deposited into the Housing Rehabilitation Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) program for public benefit projects, general administration, and program delivery functions (preapproved ratios to the funds loaned).

Grant Related Fund

The Grant Related Fund is used to account for various restricted grants, mostly from the State of California (transportation, planning, and COPS grants).

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor fund types of governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Proprietary Funds

In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the "economic resources measurement focus". This means all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) and deferred inflows of resources associated with their activities are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The City has the following enterprise funds that have been reported as major:

Electric Fund

The electric fund is used to account for the activities of the City's electric generation and distribution operations.

Water Fund

The water fund is used to account for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

Sewer Fund

The sewer fund is used to account for the activities of the City's sewage collection and treatment operations.

Fiduciary Funds

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Funds

These funds include the Main Trust and Successor Agency. The Main Trust Fund is used to account for trust arrangements where the balances and activity benefit individuals and organizations other than the City. The Successor Agency fund was created as a result of the State order to dissolve California Redevelopment Agencies. As the Successor Agency, this fund is used to track the activity by the Oversight Board and the Department of Finance to dissolve the Agency.

Custodial Funds

The City administers two custodial funds, the Gridley Bid fund and the Hospital JPA Administration fund.

C. Cash and Investments

The City pools the cash of all funds, except for monies deposited with fiscal agents in accordance with related bond indentures. The cash and investments balance in each fund represents that fund's equity share of the City's cash and investment pool. As the City places no restrictions on the deposit or withdrawal of a particular fund's equity in the pool, the pool operates like a demand deposit account for the participating funds.

Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated monthly to the various funds based on month-end balances and is adjusted at fiscal year-end. Interest income on restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

The City's investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of equity and debt securities is determined based on sales prices or bid-and-asked quotations from SEC-registered securities exchanges or NASDAQ dealers. LAIF determines the fair value of their portfolio quarterly and reports a factor to the City; the City applies that factor to convert its share of LAIF from amortized cost to fair value. This amount is included in cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet of the governmental funds. Changes in fair value are allocated to each participating fund.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. In determining this amount, three valuation techniques are available:

- Market approach This approach uses prices generated for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
 The most common example is an investment in a public security traded in an active exchange such as the NYSE.
- Cost approach This technique determines the amount required to replace the current asset. This approach may be ideal for valuing donations of capital assets or historical treasures.
- Income approach This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows) into a current discounted amount.

Each of these valuation techniques requires inputs to calculate a fair value. Observable inputs have been maximized in fair value measures, and unobservable inputs have been minimized.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be change and petty cash funds, equity in the City's cash and investment pool, and restricted non-pooled investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

D. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain restricted cash and investments are held by fiscal agents for the redemption of bonded debt and to meet bond indenture debt reserve requirements.

E. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances

City of Gridley Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2024

outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

F. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Receivables are recorded in the financial statements net of any allowance for doubtful accounts if applicable, and estimated refunds due. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include sales and use taxes, franchise taxes, grants, police fines and other fees. Federal and state grants are considered receivable and accrued as revenue when reimbursable costs are incurred. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Long-term loans in governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenues in the year repayment is measurable and available. Loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are recorded as deferred inflows of resources to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. Proprietary fund receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Utility accounts receivable and interest earnings compose the majority of proprietary fund receivables.

G. Lease Receivables

When applicable, the City's lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable plus incentive payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

H. Prepaid Expenses and Inventory

Inventories are stated at cost (average cost per unit) for governmental and proprietary funds. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense in the funds at the time individual inventory items are consumed, rather than purchased. Inventories of governmental funds are offset by nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not constitute resources available for future appropriation.

Prepaid items are also recognized under the consumption method. Payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, infrastructure with an aggregate cost of \$25,000 or more and land, buildings, machinery, vehicles, and equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of two years are capitalized. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the City has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised, then the lease asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset. Intangible right-to-use subscription assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Depreciation and amortization is provided using the straight-line method whereby the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated or amortized.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Infrastructure and buildings	20 - 50 years
Improvements	10 - 30 years
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 20 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

J. Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave and compensatory time off, which are accrued as earned. Employees may accumulate sick leave without limits. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for governmental funds and the Statement of Net Position for proprietary funds as appropriate. A liability is calculated for all the costs of compensated absences based upon benefits earned by employees in the current period for which there is a probability of payment at termination.

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick pay are accrued when earned. In addition, those employees who have reached the age of retirement may cash out sick leave upon retirement. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. In December of each year, management personnel are allowed to convert unused sick leave earned within the previous twelve months, in excess of nine days, to vacation. The general fund and enterprise funds are used to liquidate compensated absences.

L. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed in year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to the City's other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense information of the City's OPEB plan have been determined based on information provided in an actuarial study. The City recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms in the fund statements. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to

City of Gridley Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2024

liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date July 1, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2024

Measurement Period Julye 31, 2023 to June 30, 2024

O. Fund Balances

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the City classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balance represents balances set aside to indicate items that do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed, or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by passage of a Resolution of the City Council which may be altered only by Resolution of the City Council. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to Council commitments are included along with spendable resources. The City considers Resolutions to be the highest level of action that can be taken by Council that constitutes the most binding constraint.

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council or its designee and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee. The City Council has delegated the authority to make assignments of fund balance to the City Administrator.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

Flow Assumption / Spending Order Policy

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to be spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to be spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has directed otherwise.

P. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in the net investment in capital assets component of net position.

Restricted Net Position

This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position

This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The detail of amounts reported for each of the above defined net position categories is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

Q. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenue, expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. All other interfund transactions, except for interfund services provided and used and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as transfers.

R. Property Taxes and Special Assessments

The County of Butte levies, bills, and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue when received, in the fiscal year of levy, due to the adoption of the "alternate method of property tax distribution", known as the Teeter Plan, by the City and the County of Butte. The Teeter Plan authorizes the Auditor/Controller of the County of Butte to allocate 100% of the secured property taxes billed, but not yet paid.

The County of Butte remits tax monies to the City in three installments as follows: 50% remitted in December; 45% remitted in April; 5% remitted in June.

Tax collections are the responsibility of the County Tax Collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due on

City of Gridley Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2024

March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the tax becomes delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the County for late payment.

Property valuations are established by the Assessor of the County of Butte for the secured and unsecured property tax rolls. Under the provisions of Article XIIIA of the State Constitution, properties are assessed at 100% of purchase price or value in 1978 whichever is later. From this base assessment, subsequent annual increases in valuation are limited to a maximum of 2 percent. However, increases to full value are allowed for property improvements or upon change in ownership. Personal property is excluded from these limitations and is subject to annual reappraisal.

Tax levy dates are attached annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property, as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

S. Budgetary Information

The City Council establishes budgets for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, with the exception of capital projects which are budgeted on a project length basis. Appropriations, except open project appropriations and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis consistent with the related "actual" amounts.

Department heads submit a proposed budget to the City Administrator. The City Administrator submits a proposed budget to the City Council for the following year beginning July 1. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council after public hearings are held and is adopted by City Council resolution prior to July 1 in accordance with the municipal code.

The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within an object or purpose within any department. However, the City Council must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year. Amounts represent the original budgeted amounts and all supplemental appropriations.

T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

U. Implemented New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62

This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement also prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections in previously issued financial statements. This statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

V. Upcoming New Accounting Pronouncements

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to identify the potential impact on the financial statements of the following GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences.

This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences - including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. A liability for leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures

This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued.

If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of the circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of a substantial impact. The disclosure should include descriptions for (1) the concentration or constraint (2) each event associated with the concentration or constraint that could cause a substantial impact if the event had occurred or had begun to occur prior to the issuance of the financial statements (3) actions taken by the government prior to the issuance of the financial statements to mitigate the risk. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements

This Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements or modifies existing requirements related to (a) Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) (b) Unusual or infrequent items (c) Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position (d) Information about major component units in basic financial statements (5) Budgetary comparison information (6) Financial trend information in the statistical section. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2024, cash and investments were reported in the financial statements as follows:

Government Wide								
	Statement of Net Position				Fid	uciary Funds		
	Governmental Business-Type			Stat	tement of Net			
		Activities Activities Posi		Activities		Position	-	Total
Cash and investments	\$	12,416,849	\$	7,873,093	\$	1,116,572	\$	21,406,514
Restricted cash and investments						16,366		16,366
Total cash and investments	\$	12,416,849	\$	7,873,093	\$	1,132,938	\$	21,422,880

Cash and investments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Deposits:	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,060
Cash in banks	13,281,626
Total deposits	13,282,686
Investments:	
Local Agency Investment Fund	7,013,114
Certificates of Deposit	1,110,714
Total investments	8,123,828
Restricted cash and investments:	
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	16,366
Total cash and investments	\$ 21,422,880

A. Cash Deposits

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution. The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110 percent of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes that have a value of 150 percent of the City's total cash deposits. The City has waived the collateral requirements for cash deposits which are fully insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The bank balances before reconciling items totaled \$14,619,014 at June 30, 2024 and were different from carrying amounts due to deposits in transit and outstanding checks. The amount uninsured was \$13,280,016, which was collateralized by securities held by pledging financial institutions. The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

B. Fair Value Measurements

GASB 72 established a hierarchy of inputs to the valuation techniques with three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical
 or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are
 not observable
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as a property valuation or an appraisal.

C. Investment Policy

Under the terms of certain debt issuances, the City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged as reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City ordinance, bond indentures or State statute. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments with fiscal agents. The bond indentures contain no limitations for the maximum investment in any one issuer or the maximum percentage of the portfolio that may be invested in any one investment type.

The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	Anyone Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	None	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	365 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Federal Funds	365 days	None	None
Unsecured Certificates of Deposit	365 days	None	None
Time Deposits	365 days	None	None
Cash Sweep Accounts	None	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Mortgage-backed securities	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75 million/account

The City's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates rise, the portfolio value will decline. If interest rates fall, the portfolio value will rise. The portfolio for year-end reporting purposes is treated as if it were all sold. Therefore, fund balance must reflect the portfolio's change in value. These portfolio value changes are unrealized unless sold. Generally the City's practice is to buy and hold investments until maturity dates. Consequently, the City's investments are carried at fair value. Under the provisions of the City's investment policy, and in accordance with California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	Anyone Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	10%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
State Obligations - CA And Others	5 years	None	None
CA Local Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper - Select Agencies	270 days	25%	10%
Commercial Paper - Other Agencies	270 days	40%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	30%
CD Placement Service	5 years	30%	30%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	10%
Reverse Repurchase Agreements and Securities			
Lending Agreements	92 days	20%	10%
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
Bank/Time Deposits	5 years	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75 million/account
Voluntary Investment Program Fund	N/A	None	None

D. External Investment Pool

The City's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2024, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

Structured Notes

These are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

Asset-Backed Securities

The bulk of asset-backed securities are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The approved investments policy is listed on the LAIF website, located at http://www.treasurer.ca.gov/pmia-laif/.

E. Allocation of Interest Income Among Funds

Interest income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest. Interest is allocated monthly based on the ending cash balances of the previous month in each fund receiving interest.

F. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the term of an investment's maturity, the greater the sensitivity to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City's interest rate risk is mitigated is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. As of June 30, 2024, the City's investments were in compliance with the ratings required by the City's investment policy and Government Code. The California Asset Management Program (CAMP) investment pool was the only investment vehicle required to be rated and had a rating of AAAm by S&P.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2024, the City had no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury obligations, bonds, and the external investment pools) that represented 5% or more of the total City investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

As of June 30, 2024, the City's investments had the following maturities:

]	_				
]	12 Months						Fair Value
Investment Type		or Less		-5 years	Fair Value		trations	Input Levels
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	7,013,114	\$	-	\$	7,013,114	86.3%	n/a
Certificates of Deposit		491,779		618,935		1,110,714	13.7%	Level 2
Total Investments	\$	7,504,893	\$	618,935	\$	8,123,828	_	

NOTE 3 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

The following is a summary of loans receivable at year end:

	Balance							
Loans Receivable	July 01, 2023		Additions		Retirements		Ju	ne 30, 2024
Governmental Funds:								
Home Program	\$	8,873,242	\$	122,250	\$	151,072	\$	8,844,420
CDBG Program		1,873,609		448,037		42,268		2,279,378
Total Governmental Funds		10,746,851		570,287		193,340		11,123,798
Fiduciary Funds:								
Construction Loan		678,000		-		-		678,000
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Loans		(678,000)		-		-		(678,000)
Total Loans Receivable	\$	10,746,851	\$	570,287	\$	193,340	\$	11,123,798

Governmental Funds

The City participates in the Home Investment Partnerships (HOME) program, the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Revolving Loan program and the CalHome program. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners, developers, or businesses who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms.

The balance of the loans receivable have been offset in the governmental fund financial statements by deferred inflows of resources as they are not deemed measurable and available within sixty days. In the government-wide financial statements, the loans are not offset in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds

The former RDA assisted Gridley Pacific Associates with its acquisition and development of the Washington Court Apartments Affordable Housing Project by providing \$678,000 in the form of cash in return for a note bearing simple interest at a rate of 3% per year, secured by a deed of trust on the Project.

The former RDA had several programs under which it extended loans to qualifying individuals or groups for the purpose of improving the City's housing stock and/or its supply of low-and-moderate income housing. The remaining loan, issued to the Washington Court Apartments, has a forgiveness clause if the developer complies with all the terms of the loan over its full term. The former RDA had provided an allowance of 100% for the note receivable subject to the forgiveness provision of this loan. Per long-term monitoring reviews, all terms have been met by the developer for the loan as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 4 - LEASES RECEIVABLE

Leases receivable for governmental activities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

	То	wnship 18	T	ownship 18	
	North, Range 3 North, Range 3				
	East	13.62 Acres	East	12.17 Acres	Total
Inception		11/17/2011		12/29/2010	 _
End		11/16/2036		12/28/2035	
Interest Rate		1.51%		1.47%	
Annual Payment	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	
Leases Receivable:					
Beginning	\$	182,047	\$	170,205	\$ 352,252
Additions		-		-	-
Deletions		(12,333)		(12,588)	(24,921)
Ending		169,714		157,617	327,331
Deferred Inflows of Resourc	es:				
Beginning		179,574		167,975	347,549
Additions		-		-	-
Deletions		(13,424)		(13,444)	(26,868)
Ending		166,150		154,531	320,681
Net Book Value	\$	3,564	\$	3,086	\$ 6,650

The following summarizes future collections for governmental activities leases receivable:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	Interest			
2025	\$	25,300	\$	4,700		
2026		25,679		4,321		
2027		26,064		3,936		
2028		26,449		3,551		
2029		26,850		3,150		
2030-2034		140,399		9,601		
2035-2039		56,590		908		
Total	\$	327,331	\$	30,167		

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Advances To and From Funds

Amounts due to or due from other funds reflect inter-fund balances for services rendered or short-term loans expected to be repaid in the next fiscal year. Advances to or from other funds are long-term loans between funds that are to be repaid in their entirety over several years.

Pursuant to Resolution No. 2003.RDA-05, the former Redevelopment Agency agreed to reimburse the City of Gridley for infrastructure improvements within the Agency's industrial park for up to \$250,000. No interest accrues for the amount due to the City.

The Successor Agency agreed to reimburse the City's General Fund for the formation of the RDA in the amount of \$176,868. Repayment is made as funds are available. No interest accrues for the amount due to the City.

As of June 30, 2024, advances to the Successor Agency fund consisted of the following:

	A	dvances	A	Advances
		to		from
Fund	Ot	her Funds	Ot	ther Funds
General Fund	\$	76,868	\$	-
Block Grant Fund		250,000		-
Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund		-		326,868
Total Advances	\$	326,868	\$	326,868

Inter-fund Receivables and Payables

As of the end of the fiscal year, balances are owed between funds for temporary pooled cash adjustments and temporary loans.

As of June 30, 2024, inter-fund receivables and payables consisted of the following:

	Due from		Due to
Fund	 Other Funds	O	ther Funds
General Fund	\$ 2,353,627	\$	-
Nonmajor Funds	329,517		2,598,438
Senior Tax Enterprise Fund	244,323		329,029
Total Due From/To	\$ 2,927,467	\$	2,927,467

Transfers In/Out

With Council approval resources may be transferred from one fund to another. The most significant transfers were from the Electric Fund to the General Fund for unfunded operations and to the Grant Related Fund for carbon credits. Other transfers were made for operations within each respective fund.

The following summarizes transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

Fund	 Transfer in	Transfer out		
General Fund	\$ 1,476,517	\$	3,930,222	
Block Grant Fund	-		149,548	
Grant Related Funds	354,462		346,485	
Electric Enterprise Fund	-		1,400,000	
Water Enterprise Fund	218,772		-	
Sewer Enterprise Fund	95,459		-	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	3,725,308		40,530	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 		3,733	
Total Transfers	\$ 5,870,518	\$	5,870,518	

Intra-Fund Transfers In/Out

The following table represents intra-fund transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

Fund	Tr	ansfer in	Tra	ansfer out
General Fund	\$	177,332	\$	-
General Fund Sick Leave Reserve Fund		-		177,332
Total Transfers	\$	177,332	\$	177,332

Intra-fund transfers are eliminated for presentation in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for governmental activities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

	Balance			Deletions/	Balance
Governmental activities:	July 01, 2023	Additions	Transfers	Adjustments	6/30/2024
Non-depreciable:					
Land	\$ 1,142,779	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,211	\$ 1,150,990
Construction in Progress	345,812	661,619	(298,512)	(35,546)	673,373
Total Non-Depreciable	1,488,591	661,619	(298,512)	(27,335)	1,824,363
Depreciable:					
Infrastructure	7,999,087	-	-	-	7,999,087
Buildings and improvements	3,654,840	-	-	-	3,654,840
Improvements other than Buildings	4,475,439	53,572	298,512	-	4,827,523
Vehicles and Equipment	5,929,711	119,228	-	(5,501)	6,043,438
Total Depreciable	22,059,077	172,800	298,512	(5,501)	22,524,888
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Infrastructure	(4,312,907)	(269,466)	-	-	(4,582,373)
Buildings and Improvements	(2,670,571)	(112,721)	-	-	(2,783,292)
Improvements other than Buildings	(1,406,120)	(177,472)	-	(24,821)	(1,608,413)
Vehicles and Equipment	(4,373,958)	(237,889)	-	(2,200)	(4,614,047)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(12,763,556)	(797,548)	-	(27,021)	(13,588,125)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net	9,295,521	(624,748)	298,512	(32,522)	8,936,763
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 10,784,112	\$ 36,871	\$ -	\$ (59,857)	\$ 10,761,126

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to the following programs during the year:

General Government	\$ 84,606
Public Safety	183,524
Streets and Public Works	389,270
Parks and Recreation	140,148
Total depreciation expense	\$ 797,548

Capital assets for business-type activities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

	Balance	Balance		Deletions/	Balance	
Business-Type Activities:	July 01, 2023	01, 2023 Additions		Adjustments	June 30, 2024	
Non-depreciable:						
Land	\$ 921,793	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 921,793	
Construction in Progress	644,242	330,298	(13,206)	(20,183)	941,151	
Total Non-Depreciable	1,566,035	330,298	(13,206)	(20,183)	1,862,944	
Depreciable:						
Infrastructure	6,340,384	-	-	-	6,340,384	
Buildings and Improvements	1,139,545	-	-	-	1,139,545	
Improvements other than Buildings	10,068,025	80,299	13,206	-	10,161,530	
Right of Use Assets	3,722	-	-	-	3,722	
Vehicles and Equipment	8,440,235	1,047,988	-	-	9,488,223	
Total Depreciable	25,991,911	1,128,287	13,206		27,133,404	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Infrastructure	(2,877,245	(162,065)	-	-	(3,039,310)	
Buildings and Improvements	(956,054	(17,099)	-	-	(973,153)	
Improvements other than Buildings	(4,692,658	(539,433)	-	-	(5,232,091)	
Right of Use Assets	(2,603	(1,119)	-	-	(3,722)	
Vehicles and Equipment	(6,267,734) (451,329)) -	_	(6,719,063)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(14,796,294) (1,171,045)) -	-	(15,967,339)	
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net	11,195,617	(42,758)) 13,206	-	11,166,065	
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 12,761,652	\$ 287,540	\$ -	\$ (20,183)	\$ 13,029,009	

Depreciation expense for business-type activities was charged to the following programs during the year:

Electricity		318,616		
Water		197,233		
Sewer	648,561			
Other Enterprise		6,635		
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,171,045		

NOTE 7 - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liabilities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2024:

	Balance			Balance		ie Within				
Description	July 01, 2023		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2024		One Year	
Governmental Activiies										
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,397,209	\$	5,706,320	\$	5,617,438	\$	8,486,091	\$	-
Total OPEB Liability		2,269,072		35,359		425,794		1,878,637		-
Compensated Absences		418,238		205,101		175,738		447,601		211,332
Total Governmental Activities Debt	\$ 1	1,084,519	\$	5,946,780	\$	6,218,970	\$	10,812,329	\$	211,332
Business-Type Activities										
Direct Borrowing:										
USDA Rural Development Loan (2001)	\$	903,000	\$	-	\$	38,000	\$	865,000	\$	39,000
USDA Rural Development Loan (2009)		2,130,000		-		56,000		2,074,000		58,000
Lease Liability		1,054		-		1,054		-		-
Net Pension Liability		5,565,382		2,890,424		2,308,476		6,147,330		-
Total OPEB Liability		1,711,756		26,675		321,214		1,417,217		-
Compensated Absences		242,861		126,248		114,848		254,261		110,323
Total Business-type Activities Debt	\$ 10	0,554,053	\$	3,043,347	\$	2,839,592	\$	10,757,808	\$	207,323
Fiduciary Funds - Successor Agency:										
Tax allocation bonds, Series 2022A	\$ 2	2,390,000	\$	_	\$	65,000	\$	2,325,000	\$	65,000
Tax allocation bonds, Series 2022B		1,700,000		_		55,000		1,645,000		55,000
Total Long-term liabilities	\$ 4	4,090,000	\$	-	\$	120,000	\$	3,970,000	\$	120,000

Business-Type Activities - USDA Rural Development Loans

On February 12, 2001, the City executed a long-term loan agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Development to repay the interim sewer project financing provided by U.S. Bank. The interim financing repayment total consisted of \$1,478,141 in principal and \$9,529 in accrued interest. Interest on the new loan, at the rate of 3.25%, is payable semiannually. Annual principal payments, ranging from \$18,670 to \$65,000, are also required. This loan will be completely repaid on September 1, 2040 and is secured by the revenues of the City's sewer fund.

On April 15, 2009, the City entered into a loan/grant agreement with USDA Rural Development for the rehabilitation and upgrade of the City's existing wastewater treatment plant. The agreement consists of a loan of \$3,100,000 with a subsequent grant of \$1,000,000. Interest, at the rate of 2.5%, is payable annually. This loan will be completely repaid on April 1, 2050.

Future debt service payments for the USDA Rural Development Loans are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities					
Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	97,000	\$	79,329	\$	176,329
2026		99,000		76,595		175,595
2027		102,000		73,804		175,804
2028		105,000		70,914		175,914
2029		108,000		67,950		175,950
2030-2034		587,000		292,113		879,113
2035-2039		676,000		203,998		879,998
2040-2044		568,000		112,318		680,318
2045-2049		497,000		50,350		547,350
2050-2054		100,000		2,499		102,499
Total	\$	2,939,000	\$	1,029,870	\$	3,968,870

Successor Agency - Tax Allocation Bonds

In 2002, the former RDA issued \$4,750,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008A (Taxable) and Series 2008B (Tax Exempt). A total of \$2,980,000 of Series 2008A bonds were issued and \$1,770,000 of Series 2008B bonds. The proceeds of the Series 2008A bonds issued were used to repay a significant portion of the loans from the City of Gridley to the Agency. These bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2022 with the issuance of \$2,390,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2022A and \$1,700,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2022B.

The Series 2022A bonds bear annual interest at 5.26% and that is payable semi-annually on August 1st and February 1st. Principal is paid in annual installments beginning August 1, 2023 and ending August 1, 2043 in amounts ranging from \$65,000 to \$185,000. The Series 2022B bonds bear annual interest at 3.84% and that is payable semi-annually on August 1st and February 1st. Principal is paid in annual installments beginning August 1, 2023 and ending August 1, 2043 in amounts ranging from \$55,000 to \$115,000.

The Successor Agency recognized \$163,968 as a deferred loss on the early defeasance of debt which will be amortized through fiscal year 2043. The Successor Agency realized savings of \$1,105,328, which was the aggregate difference of the total debt service between the refunded debt of \$7,579,125 and refunding debt of \$6,473,797. Future debt service payments for the tax allocation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	120,000	\$	182,698	\$	302,698
2026		130,000		176,939		306,939
2027		135,000		170,822		305,822
2028		145,000		164,345		309,345
2029		150,000		157,510		307,510
2030-2034		850,000		675,287		1,525,287
2035-2039		1,075,000		451,516		1,526,516
2040-2044		1,365,000		166,583		1,531,583
Total	\$	3,970,000	\$	2,145,700	\$	6,115,700

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous risk pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City sponsors three miscellaneous rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 (age 52 for Miscellaneous Plan members if membership date is on or after January 1, 2013) with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Special Death Benefit (Safety only), the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous			Safety	
	Tier I	Tier II	PEPRA	Tier I	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	3% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years				
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life				
Retirement age	55	55	62	50	57
Monthly benefits as a					
% of eligible compensation	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	3.00%	2.00%
Required employee contribution rates	7.00%	7.00%	7.75%	9.00%	13.75%
Required employer contribution rates	12.47%	11.84%	7.68%	25.65%	13.54%

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plans:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
Active	32	14	46
Transferred	16	13	29
Separated	17	7	24
Retired	53	39	92
Total	118	73	191

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rates are the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City's contributions were as follows:

	F	Employer		
	Co	Contributions		
Miscellaneous	\$	934,000		
Safety		688,852		
Total Employer Contributions	\$	1,622,852		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)		
Miscellaneous	\$	8,791,446	
Safety		5,841,975	
Total	\$	14,633,421	

The City's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans are measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability for the Plans used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans as of June 30, 2023 and 2023 was as follows:

	<u> Miscellaneous</u>	Safety	Combined Plans
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.18148%	0.07962%	0.12088%
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.17581%	0.07815%	0.11730%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	-0.00566%	-0.00146%	-0.00358%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,638,062.

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Misc. and Safety			ety
	Deferred]	Deferred
	O	utflows of	I	nflows of
	F	Resources	F	Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$	871,725	\$	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		878,023		106,388
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		2,222,887		-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and				
Proportionate Share of Contributions		356,596		123,101
Change in Employer's Proportion		31,145		999,174
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		1,622,852		-
Total	\$	5,983,228	\$	1,228,663

The City reported \$1,622,852 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Г	Deferred Outflo	ows/(I	nflows) of	
Fiscal Year Ending		Reso	urces		
June 30:	Mi	scellaneous		Safety	 Total
2025	\$	249,552	\$	489,197	\$ 738,750
2026		201,454		356,657	558,111
2027		1,099,031		672,663	1,771,694
2028		40,844		22,315	63,158
Total	\$	1,590,881	\$	1,540,832	\$ 3,131,713

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age
	Normal Cost
	Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Mortality	(2)

- (1) Varies by entry age and service
- (2) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.9% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 6.9% will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class.

The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed	Long-Term
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class (a)	Allocation	Return (1)(2)
Global Equity Cap Weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity NonCap Weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%
Total	100.00%	

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.3% used for this period.
- (2) Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Study.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans, calculated using the discount rate for the Plans, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	M	Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous Safety		Safety		Total
1% Decrease		5.90%		5.90%		5.90%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	12,090,501	\$	8,334,642	\$	20,425,144		
Current		6.90%		6.90%		6.90%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,791,446		5,841,975	\$	14,633,421		
1% Increase		7.90%		7.90%		7.90%		
Net Pension Liability	\$	6,076,041		3,804,041	\$	9,880,082		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Plan Description

The City sponsors and administers a single-employer health care plan for its employees. The plan provides medical, dental, and vision coverage. Medical coverage is provided through CalPERS under the

Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA), also referred to as PERS Health. The City sets its contribution rates for health insurance on behalf of active employees according to the PEMHCA statutory minimum. The amounts are indexed (increased) in all future years according to the rate of medical inflation. The excess of the designated City contribution for healthcare (the second highest premium available in the 95948 zip code area) over the PEMHCA statutory minimum is contributed to a Cafeteria Plan and the employee may elect to have some or all of this excess contributed on his or her behalf to CalPERS as an "employee contribution" towards healthcare benefits. As the City 's OPEB benefits are administered by City personnel, no separate financial statements are issued.

Management employees are subject to PERS' "100/90 State Contribution Formula" under which the City's contribution is determined based upon the weighted average of the four most popular medical plan options under PEMHCA, as announced each year by CalPERS. The City offers the same medical plans to its retirees as to its active employees, with the general exception that upon reaching age 65 and becoming eligible for Medicare, the retiree must join one of the Medicare Supplement coverage's offered under PEMHCA. Management employees hired on or before December 31, 2012 are eligible for benefits upon retirement at age 50 with 10 years of service. The City's contribution on behalf of Management hired on or before December 31, 2012 retirees, is based on the 'PERS' "Unequal Contribution Method" and equals 5% of the statutory minimum multiplied by the number of years the City has participated in PEMHCA.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2024, the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active employees	3
Inactive employees	8
Total employees	11

Actuarial Assumptions

The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Valuation Date:	July 1, 2023
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2024

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization Period: 30 years

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate3.93%Inflation3.10%Payroll Increases3.50%Trend Rate7.50%Municipal Bond Rate3.93%

Mortality Pub-2010 General Employees Headcount-

Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021, and Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021.

Notes:

The discount rate increased from 3.54% to 3.93%. Payroll growth increased from 3% to 3.5%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Contributions

The City's policy is to fully fund the annual required contribution, which is determined by an actuary. The City makes the contributions on behalf of the participants. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City paid contributions of \$172,125. There have been no assets accumulated in a trust to provide for the benefits of this plan.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's Total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024 (measurement date) and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023 (valuation date) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 (reporting date).

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The following summarizes the changes in the Total OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2024:

	T	otal OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024		Liability
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	3,980,828
Service cost		36,324
Interest in Total OPEB Liability		127,463
Balance of diff between actual/exp experience		(656,901)
Balance of changes in assumptions		(41,981)
Benefit payments		(149,879)
Net changes		(684,974)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	3,295,854

The City's plan is nonfunded, meaning there have not been assets placed into an irrevocable trust, therefore the plan fiduciary net position is zero.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Iı	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$	-	\$	312,974	
Change in assumptions		-		20,001	
Totals	\$	-	\$	332,975	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount		
2025	\$ (332,975)		

OPEB Expense

The following summarizes the OPEB expense by source during the year ended June 30, 2024:

Service cost	\$ 36,324
Interest on total OPEB liability	127,463
Difference between actual and expected experience	(213,351)
Change in assumptions	 111,598
OPEB Expense	\$ 62,034

The following summarizes changes in the Total OPEB liability as reconciled to OPEB expense during the year ended June 30, 2024:

Net OPEB liability ending	\$ 3,295,854
Net OPEB liability beginning	 (3,980,828)
Change in net OPEB liability	(684,974)
Changes in deferred outflows	264,154
Changes in deferred inflows	332,975
Employer contributions and implicit subsidy	149,879
OPEB Expense	\$ 62,034

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, was as follows:

			Discount Rate	
	(1%	6 Decrease)	3.54%	(1% Increase)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	3,742,708	\$ 3,295,854	\$ 2,926,927

Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The Total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's Total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, was as follows:

			Trend Rate	
	(1	% Decrease)	7.00%	(1% Increase)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	2,888,359	\$ 3,295,854	\$ 3,790,073

NOTE 10 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION

The City reported the following funds with deficit fund balance and net position as of June 30, 2024:

	Deficit	Deficit
	Fund	Net
	 Balance	Position
SB 325 TDA Fund	\$ 535,349	\$ -
Traffic Safety Fund	44,151	-
Planning and Development Fund	692	-
Gas Tax Fund	1,033,549	-
2021 Vierra Park Improvements Fund	51,216	-
Home Fund	10,215	-
Gridley Sports Complex Fund	70,065	-
Senior Taxi Fund	_	213,273
Totals	\$ 1,745,237	\$ 213,273

The fund deficits were a result of expenditures incurred in advance of receipt of revenue and will be eliminated through future revenues and interfund transfers.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of the Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund (NCCSIF) along with twenty other northern California cities. The NCCSIF is a joint powers authority (JPA) organized in accordance with Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the California Government Fund Programs. The purpose is to create a common pool of funds to be used to meet obligations of the parties to provide workers' compensation benefits for their employees and to provide excess liability insurance. The NCCSIF provides claims processing, administrative services, risk management services, and actuarial studies. A member from each city governs the NCCSIF. The City Council members do not have significant oversight responsibility since they evenly share all factors of responsibility with the other cities. The City does not retain the risk of loss. However, ultimate liability for payment of claims and insurance premiums resides with member cities. The NCCSIF is empowered to make supplemental assessments as needed to eliminate deficit positions of member cities. If the JPA becomes insolvent, the City is responsible only to the extent of any deficiency in its equity balance. The audited financial statements of the JPA are available at the NCCSIF's office.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City provides property, liability, and workers compensation insurance through Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for several Northern California municipalities. Annual deposits are paid by member cities and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs.

The NCCSIF establishes claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claims settlement expenses) that have been reported but not settled, plus estimates of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims costs depend on various factors, the claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce

current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision of inflation is implicit in the calculation of estimated future claims costs. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made. The City does not have any material unpaid and uninsured claims outstanding at the beginning or end of the last two fiscal years. The City's insurance coverage and the respective coverage providers are as follows:

Amount	Coverage Provider	Payment
General Liability		
\$0 - \$50,000	Self-insured	Banking layer
\$50,001 - \$450,000	Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund	Shared risk
\$450,001 - \$40,000,000	California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority	Shared risk (to \$5 mil, excess insurance after that)
Workers' Compensation		
\$0 - \$100,000	Self-insured	Banking layer
\$100,001 -\$400,000	Northern California Cities Self Insurance Fund	Shared risk
\$400,001 - statutory	CSAC-EIA	Shared risk and Excess Insurance

Property insurance

The City's standard deductible is \$5,000 for coverage. The coverage limit for fiscal year 2024 was \$1,000,000,000 blanket real and personal property.

Performance and Public Employee Dishonesty Bonds

The City has \$25,000 in performance bond coverage for the City Clerk, \$100,000 performance bond coverage for the City Treasurer, and \$3,000,000 in coverage for public employee dishonesty with a deductible of \$5,000.

NOTE 12 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City is a member of various joint powers authorities that provide goods or services to the City and other authority members. The City does not have sufficient authority, influence or accountability over these entities to incorporate them in this annual report. Additionally, the City has determined that it has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for any of these organizations. The names and general functions of these joint powers are as follows:

Northern California Power Agency (NCPA)

Membership consists of 12 municipal electric utilities, one Rural Electric Cooperative, an irrigation district, and a public utility district. The NCPA is generally empowered to purchase, generate, transmit, distribute, and sell electrical energy. Members participate in the projects of NCPA on an elective basis. A Commission comprised of one representative for each member governs the NCPA.

The City is currently involved in several hydroelectric, geothermal, and other energy-related projects as a member of this agency. The NCPA is financed by contributions from member cities, government grants, and debt. The City is committed to providing substantial additional financial support for its portion of the actions and projects of the NCPA.

City of Gridley Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2024

The NCPA holds certain funds under a separate member custodial agreement - the general operating reserve. The purpose of the reserve is to allow members to fund all, or a portion, of the contingent liabilities that the NCPA faces at any given time, while providing the individual member with the flexibility to draw upon their part of the reserve, as each member individually deems appropriate. The NCPA requires agency members to maintain at least 90% of the annual general operating reserve. The City has maintained the required reserve amount during the fiscal year ending 2024. Due to the nature of the reserve held by NCPA, payments made to the reserve are expensed as purchased power. The financial statements are available online at www.ncpa.com.

Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC)

Members include eleven cities, one electric co-op, two irrigation districts, and one public utility district. The Agency was created to provide electric transmission or other facilities, including real property and rights of way, for the use of its members. A Commission comprised of one representative appointed by each member governs the Agency. The City has authorized its participation in the project up to 1% of the total expenditures. The financial statements are available online at http://tanc.us/financials.html.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lawsuits

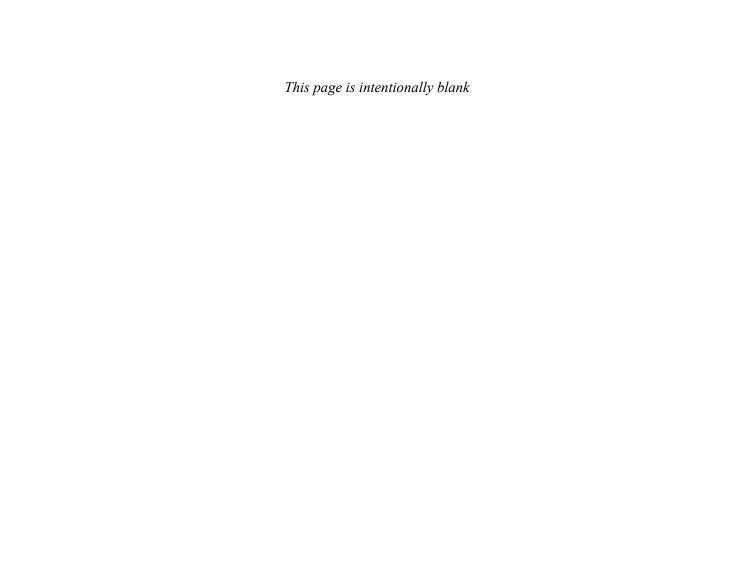
The City is subject to certain matters of litigation that may arise in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with legal counsel, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs are audited by the City's independent accountants if required by and in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance and applicable State requirements. Expenditures which may be disallowed, if any, by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

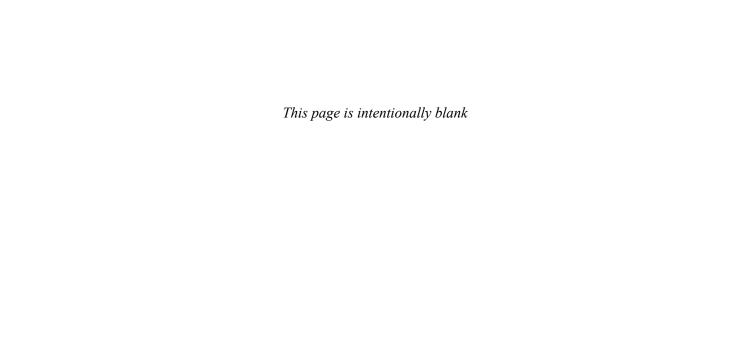
Deferred Compensation

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time City employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The assets and liabilities of these plans have been excluded from the accompanying financial statements. The City does not administer the plan.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



City of Gridley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual		ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES	 Original		1 mai	 Amounts		(Ivegative)
Taxes and assessments	\$ 3,261,347	\$	3,261,347	\$ 3,283,264	\$	21,917
Licenses, permits and fees	96,329		96,329	209,920		113,591
Fines and forfeitures	8,286		8,286	10,525		2,239
Intergovernmental	357,988		357,988	220,474		(137,514)
Charges for services	82,942		82,942	63,780		(19,162)
Program income	-		-	-		-
Use of money and property	25,445		25,445	271,865		246,420
Other revenue	1,127,495		1,127,495	213,185		(914,310)
Total Revenues	4,959,832		4,959,832	4,273,013		(686,819)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,190,031		1,190,031	214,850		975,181
Public safety	5,463,246		5,463,246	5,456,407		6,839
Streets and public works	631,611		631,611	432,079		199,532
Community development	130,450		130,450	65,189		65,261
Parks and recreation	142,532		142,532	141,244		1,288
Capital outlay	 1,434,354		1,434,354	 656,918		777,436
Total Expenditures	 8,992,224		8,992,224	 6,966,687		2,025,537
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(4,032,392)		(4,032,392)	 (2,693,674)		1,338,718
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-		-	1,476,517		1,476,517
Transfers out	-		-	(3,930,222)		(3,930,222)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-	(2,453,705)		(2,453,705)
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (4,032,392)		(4,032,392)	 (5,147,379)		(1,114,987)
Fund Balance Beginning	12,947,169		12,947,169	12,947,169		-
Prior Period Adjustments - Cash Allocations	210,628		210,628	210,628	_	-
Fund Balance Beginning, as Adjusted	13,157,797		13,157,797	13,157,797		-
Fund Balance Ending	\$ 9,125,405	\$	9,125,405	\$ 8,010,418	\$	(1,114,987)

City of Gridley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) 08-Home-4987 Grant Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amour	Δ	vetual	Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Oı	riginal		Final		nounts	(Negative)			
REVENUES		-8					(2	,)		
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75	\$	75		
Total Revenues		-		-		75		75		
EXPENDITURES Total Expenditures		-		-		-		<u> </u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		75		75		
Fund Balance Beginning		3,810		3,810		3,810				
Fund Balance Ending	\$	3,810	\$	3,810	\$	3,885	\$	75		

City of Gridley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Block Grant Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts			riance with nal Budget
				Actual		Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(1	Negative)
REVENUES						
Program income	\$ 8,145	\$	8,145	\$ 169,422	\$	161,277
Use of money and property	_			34,826		34,826
Total Revenues	8,145		8,145	204,248		196,103
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	0.450					(4=0.000)
Community development	9,472		9,472	 487,571		(478,099)
Total Expenditures	9,472		9,472	 487,571		(478,099)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditure	(1,327)		(1,327)	(283,323)		(281,996)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	_		-	_		-
Transfers out			-	(149,548)		(149,548)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				 (149,548)		(149,548)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,327)		(1,327)	(432,871)		(431,544)
Fund Balance Beginning	1,049,869		1,049,869	1,049,869		-
Prior Period Adjustments - Cash Allocations	-			 		
Fund Balance Beginning, as Adjusted	1,049,869		1,049,869	 1,049,869		
Fund Balance Ending	\$ 1,048,542	\$	1,048,542	\$ 616,998	\$	(431,544)

City of Gridley Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Grant Related Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual		nriance with nal Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES	 8							
Intergovernmental	\$ 341,157	\$	341,157	\$	697,380	\$	356,223	
Use of money and property	_		-		12,129		12,129	
Total Revenues	341,157		341,157		709,509		368,352	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	-		-		18,083		(18,083)	
Public safety	30,500		30,500		45,694		(15,194)	
Community development	-		41,030		55,688 44,233		(55,688)	
Parks and recreation	41,030		41,030				(3,203)	
Capital outlay	1,646,286		1,646,286		175,363		1,470,923	
Total Expenditures	1,717,816		1,717,816		339,061		1,378,755	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,376,659)		(1,376,659)		370,448		1,747,107	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-		-		354,462		354,462	
Transfers out	-		-		(346,485)		(346,485)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-		7,977		7,977	
Net Change in Fund Balance	 (1,376,659)		(1,376,659)		378,425		1,755,084	
Fund Balance Beginning	1,712,452		1,712,452		1,712,452		-	
Prior Period Adjustments - Cash Allocations	(577)		(577)		(577)		-	
Fund Balance Beginning, as Adjusted	1,711,875		1,711,875		1,711,875		-	
Fund Balance Ending	\$ 335,216	\$	335,216	\$	2,090,300	\$	1,755,084	

City of Gridley Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Accounting and Control June 30, 2024

The City Council establishes budgets for all governmental funds on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, with the exception of capital projects which are budgeted on a project length basis. Appropriations, except open project appropriations and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis consistent with the related "actual" amounts.

Department heads submit a proposed budget to the City Administrator. The City Administrator submits a proposed budget to the City Council for the following year beginning July 1. The preliminary budget may or may not be amended by the City Council after public hearings are held and is adopted by City Council resolution prior to July 1 in accordance with the municipal code.

The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within an object or purpose within any department. However, the City Council must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department. Budgetary control is legally maintained at the fund level.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level, which is the legal level of control. Supplemental appropriations, which increase appropriations, may be made during the fiscal year. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year. Amounts represent the original budgeted amounts and all supplemental appropriations.

City of Gridley Schedule of Pension Contributions June 30, 2024 (Last Ten Years)

Miscellaneous & Safety Plan								
Fiscal Year Ended	2015		2016			2017	 2018	2019
Contractually Required Contributions Contributions in Relation to	\$	701,624	\$	795,514	\$	866,010	\$ 947,355	\$ 1,023,639
Contractually Required Contributions		701,624		795,514		866,010	947,355	 1,023,639
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$	3,118,121	\$	3,099,247	\$	3,275,057	\$ 3,384,871	\$ 2,642,537
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		22.50%		25.67%		26.44%	27.99%	38.74%
Miscellaneous & Safety Plan								
Fiscal Year Ended		2020		2021		2022	 2023	 2024
Contractually Required Contributions Contributions in Relation to	\$	1,128,141	\$	1,293,223	\$	1,420,621	\$ 1,570,250	\$ 1,622,852
Contractually Required Contributions		1,128,141		1,293,223		1,420,621	1,570,250	1,622,852
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$	2,891,883	\$	3,233,815	\$	3,508,606	\$ 3,790,865	\$ 3,904,591
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		39.01%		39.99%		40.49%	41.42%	41.56%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2022

Assumptions Used: Entry Age Normal Cost Method used for Actuarial Cost Method

Level Percentage of Payroll and Direct Rate Smoothing Remaining Amortization Period no more than 20 years

Inflation Assumed at 2.30%

Investment Rate of Returns set at 6.8%

The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be

found on the CalPERS website.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% in FY2016, to 7.15% in FY2018, and then decreased to 6.90% in FY2023. The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in fiscal year 2023.

City of Gridley Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability June 30, 2024 (Last Ten Years)

Miscellaneous and Safety Plan								
Plan Measurement Date		2014		2015		2016	2017	2018
Fiscal Year Ended		2015		2016	2017		2018	2019
Proportion of Net Pension								
Liability (Safety and Misc)		0.12501%		0.12003%		0.10006%	0.11218%	0.11472%
Proportionate Share of							******	V,
Net Pension Liability	\$	7,778,820	\$	8,238,421	\$	8,658,560	\$ 11,125,054	\$ 11,054,726
Covered Payroll	\$	3,079,982	\$	3,118,121	\$	3,099,247	\$ 3,275,057	\$ 3,384,871
Proportionate Share of NPL	•	-))	•	-, -,	,	-,,	· -,,	· - / /- ·
as a % of Covered Payroll		252.56%		264.21%		279.38%	339.69%	326.59%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position								
as a % of the TPL		81.15%		71.26%		68.94%	67.62%	68.40%
Miscellaneous and Safety Plan Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended		2019 2020		2020 2021		2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended								
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc)								
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension		2020 0.11475%	_	0.11487%		0.16458%	0.12088%	0.16413%
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only)		2020		2021		2022	2023	2024
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only) Proportionate Share of	_	0.11475% 0.29364%		0.11487% 0.29630%		0.16458% 0.46876%	0.12088% 0.29840%	0.16413% 0.29264%
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$	2020 0.11475% 0.29364% 11,758,898	\$	0.11487% 0.29630% 12,498,264	\$	0.16458% 0.46876% 8,900,835	0.12088% 0.29840% \$13,962,591	0.16413% 0.29264% \$ 14,633,421
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Covered Payroll	\$ \$	0.11475% 0.29364%	\$ \$	0.11487% 0.29630%	\$ \$	0.16458% 0.46876%	0.12088% 0.29840%	0.16413% 0.29264%
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Covered Payroll Proportionate Share of NPL	-	0.11475% 0.29364% 11,758,898 2,642,537		0.11487% 0.29630% 12,498,264 2,891,883		0.16458% 0.46876% 8,900,835 3,233,815	0.12088% 0.29840% \$ 13,962,591 \$ 3,508,606	0.16413% 0.29264% \$ 14,633,421 \$ 3,790,865
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Covered Payroll Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	-	2020 0.11475% 0.29364% 11,758,898		0.11487% 0.29630% 12,498,264		0.16458% 0.46876% 8,900,835	0.12088% 0.29840% \$13,962,591	0.16413% 0.29264% \$ 14,633,421
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc) Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Covered Payroll Proportionate Share of NPL	-	0.11475% 0.29364% 11,758,898 2,642,537		0.11487% 0.29630% 12,498,264 2,891,883		0.16458% 0.46876% 8,900,835 3,233,815	0.12088% 0.29840% \$ 13,962,591 \$ 3,508,606	0.16413% 0.29264% \$ 14,633,421 \$ 3,790,865

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.50% to 7.65% in FY2016, to 7.15% in FY2018, and then decreased to 6.90% in FY2023. The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in fiscal year 2023.

City of Gridley Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability June 30, 2024 (Last Ten Years)

Fiscal Year Ended	 2018	2019	2019		2020		2022		2023			2024
Total OPEB liability												
Service cost	\$ 12,401	\$ 12,650	\$	171,325	\$	165,106	\$	21,603	\$	22,368 \$	5	36,324
Interest	158,069	159,756		206,796		211,318		139,337		138,281		127,463
Diff. between expected/actual experience	21,513	16,042		2,401,492		-		(3,239,275)		-		(656,901)
Changes of assumptions	-	-		2,456,638		-		(2,618,711)		-		(41,981)
Actuarial adjustments	-	-		-		74,743		(165,484)		-		-
Benefit payments	(148,050)	(141,637)		(161,908)		(84,534)		(166,240)		(172,125)		(149,879)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	43,933	46,811		5,074,343		366,633		(6,028,770)		(11,476)		(684,974)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	4,489,354	4,533,287		4,580,098		9,654,441		10,021,074		3,992,304		3,980,828
Total OPEB Liability - ending	 4,533,287	4,580,098		9,654,441		10,021,074		3,992,304		3,980,828		3,295,854
Plan fiduciary net position as a %	0.000/	0.000/		0.000/		0.000/		0.000/		0.000/		0.000/
of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 2,726,110	\$ 2,780,632	\$	826,218	\$	842,742	\$	258,224	\$	265,971 \$	6	497,425
TOL as a % of covered employee payroll	166.29%	164.71%		1168.51%		1189.10%		1546.06%		1496.72%		662.58%

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.

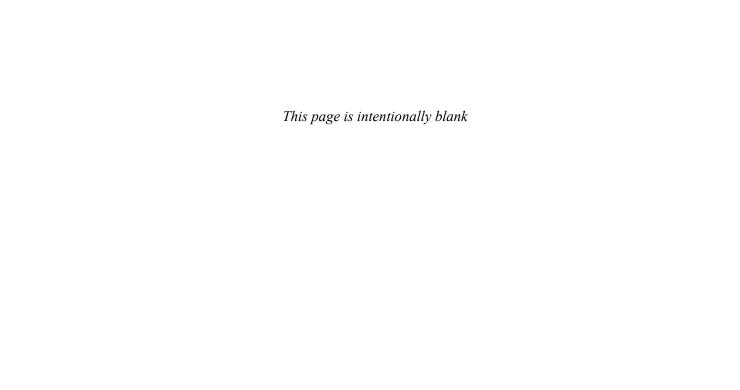
Discount rates changed from 3.58% to 2.21% in FY2020, to 3.54% in FY2022. and then to 3.93% in FY2024.

Payroll growth increased from 3% to 3.5%.

Mortality assumption changed from SOA RP-2014 Total Dataset Mortality with Scale MP-2019 (Base Rate 2006) to Pub-2010 General Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021, and Pub-2010 General Retirees Headcount-Weighted Mortality fully generational using Scale MP-2021.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

FEMA Reserve

This fund is used to account for the FEMA lease revenue.

General Impact Fee

The source of funding is a portion of the impact fees on new developments calculated in the City Fee Schedule. This fund is used for the CIP project per council approval.

Development Agreement Fee

The source of revenue is a portion of the impact fees on new developments calculated in a City fee schedule. The funds will be appropriated for CIP projects upon council approval.

M. Vierra Park

This fund is used to account for the grant funding for the development of M. Vierra Park.

SB 1 RMRA

This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures of gas tax funds for road repair and maintenance under the California rehab program.

SB 325 TDA

This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures of monies apportioned for street and road sweeping, repairs, maintenance and other street projects under the street and highway code 2105, 2016, 2107 and 2107.5 of the State of California.

Traffic Safety

This fund is used to account for receipts of motor vehicle fines and forfeitures expended for traffic projects.

Railroad Maintenance

This fund is used to account for expenses related to repairs for the railroad and intersecting streets.

Public Safety Augmentation

This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditure related to safety expenses.

Planning and Development

This fund is used to account for the City's participation in the Community Development Block Grant programs, which provides loans to rehab low income housing and First Time home buyers (generally low income).

Solid Waste Recreation

This fund is used for purchasing beverage trash containers located throughout the City right-of-way and public parks.

Gas Tax

This fund is used to account for receipts and expenditures of monies apportioned for street and road sweeping, repairs, maintenance and other street projects under the street and highway code 2105, 2016, 2107 and 2107.5 of the State of California.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Butte Interagency Narcotics Task Force (BINTF)

This fund is used to account for the contribution of funds and service to BINTF.

Maintenance Districts

The funds are used to account for the receipts and expenditures of four districts within the City limit. The assessment of districts is the source of funding.

CDBG Housing Rehab/Drainage Grant

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the Community Development Block Grant for housing rehabilitation and drainage.

Cal Home

This fund is used to account for Cal Home grant revenues and expenditures.

Police Explorer

The fund is used to pay the expenditures related to youth programs. Donations and fund raising are the sources of funding.

K-9 - Donations & Expenses

The fund is used to account for City donations and expenses.

Recreation Related

The fund is used to pay the expenditures related to recreational activities funded through the annual budget.

2021 Vierra Park Improvements

This fund is used to account for resources expended on Vierra Park improvements.

Home

This fund is used to account for Home program revenues and expenditures.

Gridley Sports Complex Fund

The fund is used to account for revenue and proceeds used to pay for capital improvement expenditures for the City's sports complex.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds											
		FEMA Reserve Fund		General Impact Fee Fund		velopment greement Fund		Vierra Park Fund				
ASSETS		1 unu		Tuna		Tuna		una				
Cash and investments	\$	477,029	\$	1,148,200	\$	12,190	\$	_				
Accounts receivable	-	-	•	-,,	*	,	*	_				
Due from other governments		_		_		_		_				
Interest receivable		1,469		3,538		38		_				
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		_				
Due from other funds		-		-		_		_				
Total assets	\$	478,498	\$	1,151,738	\$	12,228	\$	-				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -				
Fund Balances:												
Restricted:												
Redevelopment		-		1,151,738		12,228		_				
Grants		478,498		-		-		-				
Taxes and fees		-		-		-		-				
Community development		-		-		-		-				
Other		-		-		-		-				
Unassigned		-		-		-		-				
Total fund balances		478,498		1,151,738		12,228		-				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balances	\$	478,498	\$	1,151,738	\$	12,228	\$	-				

City of Gridley Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

				Special Rev	enue	Funds		
		SB 1 RMRA Fund		SB 325 TDA Fund		Traffic Safety Fund	Mai	ailroad intenance Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	857,689	\$	18,514	\$	4,077	\$	-
Accounts receivable		-		-		5,874		-
Due from other governments		-		343,173		-		-
Interest receivable		2,672		-		-		-
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		329,029		-		-
Total assets	\$	860,361	\$	690,716	\$	9,951	\$	-
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		1,226,065		54,102		-
Total liabilities		-		1,226,065		54,102		-
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:								
Redevelopment		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-
Taxes and fees		860,361		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		(535,349)		(44,151)		-
Total fund balances		860,361		(535,349)		(44,151)		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	860,361	\$	690,716	\$	9,951	\$	_
	_	/	÷		<u> </u>	- /		

City of Gridley Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

				Spe	ecial F	Revenue F	unds			
	Public Safety Augmentation Fund		Dev	lanning and velopment Fund	Re	Solid Waste creation Fund		Gas Tax Fund	Int N	Butte eragency arcotics ac Force Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	218,626	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,413	\$	4,421
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		372		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Interest receivable		625		-		-		853		-
Taxes receivable		2,549		-		-		23,536		-
Due from other funds						-		-		-
Total assets	\$	221,800	\$		\$	-	\$	47,174	\$	4,421
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	516	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		692		-		1,080,207		-
Total liabilities				692		-		1,080,723		
Fund Balances: Restricted:										
Redevelopment		-		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes and fees		221,800		-		-		-		4,421
Community development		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				(692)		-		(1,033,549)		
Total fund balances		221,800		(692)		-		(1,033,549)		4,421
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	221,800	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,174	\$	4,421

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

			S	special Rev	enue :	Funds				
LOGATES		intenance Districts Fund	Rehab	CDBG Housing Rehab/Drainage Cal Homo Grant Fund Fund		1		plorer	Do & I	K-9 nations Expense Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments	¢.	(7.155	¢.		¢.	20.520	¢.		Ф	1 705
	\$	67,155	\$	-	\$	38,529	\$	-	\$	1,705
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments Interest receivable		275		-		-		-		- 5
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		_		_		_		_		_
Total assets	\$	67,430	\$		\$	38,529	\$	-	\$	1,710
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	533	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		18,106				-		-		
Total liabilities		18,639		-		-		-		
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Redevelopment		48,791		-		-		-		-
Grants		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes and fees		-		-		-		-		-
Community development Other		-		-		38,529		-		1 710
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		1,710 -
Total fund balances		48,791		_		38,529		-		1,710
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	67,430	\$	-	\$	38,529	\$	-	\$	1,710

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

		Sp	ecial 1	Revenue Fur	ıds					
	F	Recreation Park Related Improvements Fund Fund				Home Fund		Gridley Sports Complex Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS	Ф	6.205	¢.	7.40	Ф	06.005	Ф		Ф	2.062.000
Cash and investments	\$	6,305	\$	740	\$	86,295	\$	-	\$	2,963,888
Accounts receivable		-		-		571		-		6,817 343,173
Due from other governments Interest receivable		-		- 164		-		-		9,639
Taxes receivable		-		104		-		-		26,085
Due from other funds		488		_		-		-		329,517
Total assets	\$	6,793	\$	904	\$	86,866	\$		\$	3,679,119
	<u> </u>	0,170	Ť		Ť	00,000	Ť			, ,
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,049
Due to other funds	Ψ	_	Ψ	52,120	Ψ	97,081	Ψ	70,065	Ψ	2,598,438
Total liabilities		-		52,120		97,081		70,065		2,599,487
Fund Balances: Restricted:										
Redevelopment		_		_		_		_		1,212,757
Grants		_		_		_		_		478,498
Taxes and fees		_		_		_		_		1,086,582
Community development		6,793		_		_		_		45,322
Other		-		_		-		_		1,710
Unassigned		-		(51,216)		(10,215)		(70,065)		(1,745,237)
Total fund balances		6,793		(51,216)		(10,215)		(70,065)		1,079,632
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						· · · /				
resources and fund balances	\$	6,793	\$	904	\$	86,866	\$	-	\$	3,679,119

Concluded

	-			Special Rev	enue F	unds	
		FEMA Reserve Fund		General Impact Fee Fund	Ag	elopment reement Fund	. Vierra Park Fund
REVENUES	\$		\$		S		\$
Taxes and assessments	Þ	-	Э	-	Þ	-	\$ -
Licenses, permits and fees Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	-
		-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services		-		1,710		-	-
Use of money and property		9,191		22,128		236	_
Other revenue		J,1J1 -		-		-	_
Total Revenues		9,191		23,838		236	
Total Revenues		,,1,1		23,030		230	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Streets and public works		-		-		-	-
Community development		-		-		-	-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-
Total Expenditures		-		-		-	 -
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		9,191		23,838		236	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		_		_		_	_
Transfers out		_		-		_	(28,567)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-	(28,567)
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,191	n	23,838		236	 (28,567)
Fund Balances Beginning		469,307		1,127,900		11,992	28,567
Prior Period Adjustments		- 460.267		1 127 000		- 11.002	 - 20.565
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted		469,307		1,127,900		11,992	 28,567
Fund Balances Ending	\$	478,498	\$	1,151,738	\$	12,228	\$
							Cont'd

	Special Revenue Funds										
		SB 1 RMRA Fund		SB 325 TDA Fund		Traffic Safety Fund	Railroad Maintenance Fund				
REVENUES	ф	160.027	Ф	120.050	Ф		Ф				
Taxes and assessments	\$	160,837	\$	129,050	\$	-	\$	-			
Licenses, permits and fees		-		-		-		-			
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		28,747		-			
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-			
Charges for services		16.260		-		-		-			
Use of money and property Other revenue		16,269		-		-		-			
Total Revenues	-	177.106		129,050							
1 otal Revenues		177,106	-	129,030		28,747		<u>-</u>			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Streets and public works		-		83,866		21,317		-			
Community development		-		-		-		-			
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-			
Capital outlay		-		1,441				-			
Total Expenditures		-		85,307		21,317		-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		177,106		43,743		7,430					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		-		-		-			
Transfers out		-		-		-		(11,101)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		(11,101)			
Net Change in Fund Balances		177,106		43,743		7,430		(11,101)			
Fund Balances Beginning		683,255		(465,928)		(51,581)		11,101			
Prior Period Adjustments		-		(113,164)		-		-			
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted		683,255		(579,092)		(51,581)		11,101			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	860,361	\$	(535,349)	\$	(44,151)	\$				
								Cont'd			

				Spe	ecial l	Revenue Fu	nds		
	Public Planning Safety and Augmentation Development Fund Fund				Solid Waste ecreation Fund	Gas Tax Fund	N	Butte eragency arcotics ac Force Fund	
REVENUES									
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 229,946	\$	-
Licenses, permits and fees		-		15,803		-	-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental		31,808		-		-	96,081		-
Charges for services		-		-		-	-		-
Use of money and property		3,843		-		-	5,400		-
Other revenue		-		303		-	3,769		266
Total Revenues		35,651		16,106		-	335,196		266
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Streets and public works		_		_		_	427,800		_
Community development		_		262,220		_			_
Parks and recreation		_				_	_		_
Capital outlay		_		_		_	4,378		_
Total Expenditures		-		262,220			432,178		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		35,651		(246,114)			(96,982)		266
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		_	1	,597,545		57,646	-		_
Transfers out		_		-		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	1	,597,545		57,646	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		35,651	1	,351,431		57,646	(96,982)		266
Fund Balances Beginning		186,149	(1	,352,123)		(57,646)	(936,567)		4,155
Prior Period Adjustments		-	(-	-		-	-		-
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted		186,149	(1	,352,123)		(57,646)	(936,567)		4,155
Fund Balances Ending	\$	221,800	\$	(692)	\$		\$ (1,033,549)	\$	4,421
									Cont'd

	Special Revenue Funds									
		aintenance Districts Fund	Rehab/	Housing Drainage t Fund			Police Explorer Fund		&]	K-9 onations Expense Fund
REVENUES	Φ.	1.40.02.4	.		Φ.		Ф		•	
Taxes and assessments	\$	140,834	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses, permits and fees		-		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		- 1,719		- 1		- 1		2		29
Use of money and property Other revenue		1,/19		-		-		_		-
Total Revenues		142,553		1		1				29
Total Revenues		142,333				1				
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Streets and public works		75,910		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-				-
Total Expenditures		75,910				-				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		66,643		1		1		2		29
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-		19,264		-		-
Transfers out		-		(119)		-		(657)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(119)		19,264		(657)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		66,643		(118)		19,265		(655)		29
Fund Balances Beginning		(17,852)		118		19,264		655		1,681
Prior Period Adjustments		(17.052)	-	- 110		10.064		-		1.601
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted		(17,852)		118		19,264		655		1,681
Fund Balances Ending	\$	48,791	\$	-	\$	38,529	\$		\$	1,710
										Cont'd

Fund Balances Ending

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	S _F	pecial Revenue Fu	nds		
	Recreation Related Fund	2021 Vierra Park Improvements Fund	Home Fund	Gridley Sports Complex Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 660,667
Licenses, permits and fees	10,698	-	-	-	26,501
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	28,747
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	127,889
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	1,710
Use of money and property	639	904	3,150	-	63,512
Other revenue	50,301	- 004	2.150	-	54,639
Total Revenues	61,638	904	3,150	-	963,665
EXPENDITURES Current:					
Streets and public works	-	_	_	_	608,893
Community development	-	_	65,832	70,065	398,117
Parks and recreation	229,008	_	-	-	229,008
Capital outlay	-	-	_	-	5,819
Total Expenditures	229,008	-	65,832	70,065	1,241,837
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(167,370)	904	(62,682)	(70,065)	(278,172)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1,901,305	-	149,548	-	3,725,308
Transfers out	(86)	-		-	(40,530)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,901,219	-	149,548	-	3,684,778
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,733,849	904	86,866	(70,065)	3,406,606
Fund Balances Beginning	(1,728,721)	(52,120)	(97,081)	-	(2,215,475)
Prior Period Adjustments	1,665	·		-	(111,499)
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted	(1,727,056)	(52,120)	(97,081)	-	(2,326,974)
			- 		

(51,216) \$

(10,215) \$

1,079,632 Concluded

(70,065) \$

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The *Drainage Fund* is used to account for the activities of the City's drainage operations.

The *Solid Waste Fund* is used to account for the activities of the City's solid waste operations.

The Senior Taxi Fund is used to account for the activities of the City's senior taxi operations.

City of Gridley Combining Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2024

			В	e Acti				
	Drainage Fund		V	Solid Vaste Fund	Senior Taxi Fund			Total
ASSETS	'							
Current assets:	Ф		Ф		Ф	104 400	Ф	104 400
Cash and investments	\$	=	\$	=	\$	124,489 90,434	\$	124,489 90,434
Due from other governments Interest receivable		-		-		396		396
Due from other funds		_		-		244,323		244,323
Total assets	\$	_	\$	=	\$	459,642	\$	459,642
			= =====================================		=	,		,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension adjustments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	181,072	\$	181,072
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	=	\$	=	\$	181,072	\$	181,072
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:	Φ.		Φ.		Ф	2.420	Ф	2.420
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,428	\$	2,428
Due to other funds		-		-		329,029		329,029
Compensated absences, current Total current liabilities		-	_	-		7,168		7,168
Noncurrent liabilities:				<u>-</u>		330,023		338,023
Net pension liability		_		_		445,990		445,990
Compensated absences, noncurrent		_		-		16,387		16,387
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	-		-		462,377		462,377
Total liabilities	\$	=	\$	=	\$	801,002	\$	801,002
DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCRIPCES								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension adjustments	¢		\$		\$	52,985	\$	52,985
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u> \$	-	\$		- \$	52,985	\$	52,985
	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	32,903	Ψ	32,903
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(213,273)	\$	(213,273)
Total net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(213,273)	\$	(213,273)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

City of Gridley

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds								
	Drainage Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Senior Taxi Fund	Total					
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,142	\$ 3,142					
Intergovernmental	- -	· -	304,555	304,555					
Other revenue	-	=	2,643	2,643					
Total operating revenues	-	-	310,340	310,340					
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Salaries and benefits	-	-	295,953	295,953					
Materials and supplies	-	_	12,158	12,158					
Repairs and maintenance	-	-	1,898	1,898					
Power and utilities	-	-	511	511					
Administration	-	_	16,929	16,929					
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	6,635	6,635					
Total operating expenses	-	-	334,084	334,084					
Operating income (loss)	-		(23,744)	(23,744)					
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)									
Interest income	-	-	2,722	2,722					
Total nonoperating revenues(expenses)	-	-	2,722	2,722					
Income (loss) before transfers	_		(21,022)	(21,022)					
TRANSFERS									
Transfers out	(2,749)	(984)	=	(3,733)					
Net contributions and transfers	(2,749)	(984)	-	(3,733)					
Change in net position	(2,749)	(984)	(21,022)	(24,755)					
Total net position - beginning	2,749	984	(221,380)	(217,647)					
Prior period adjustments	-	-	29,129	29,129					
Total net position - beginning , as adjusted	2,749	984	(192,251)	(188,518)					
Total net position - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (213,273)	\$ (213,273)					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds									
		ainage Fund	Solid Waste Fund			Senior Taxi Fund		Total		
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Receipts from customers	\$	-	\$	-	\$	220,838	\$	220,838		
Payments to suppliers		-		-		(1,504)		(1,504)		
Payments to employees		-		-		(137,017)		(137,017)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		-				82,317		82,317		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:										
Interfund transactions		(2,749)		(984)		(244,323)		(248,056)		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(2,749)		(984)		(244,323)		(248,056)		
Cash flows from investing activities:										
Investment income received		7		15		3,091		3,113		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		7		15		3,091		3,113		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,742)		(969)		(158,915)		(162,626)		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		2,742		969		283,404		287,115		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	124,489	\$	124,489		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used)										
by operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(23,744)	\$	(23,744)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	(23,711)	Ψ	(23,711)		
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:										
Depreciation		_		_		6,635		6,635		
Prior period adjustments		-		-		29,129		29,129		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:										
Accounts receivables		-		-		932		932		
Due from other governments		-		-		(90,434)		(90,434)		
Deferred outflows of resources		-		-		(20,013)		(20,013)		
Accounts payable		-		-		863		863		
Net pension liability		-		-		160,101		160,101		
Compensated absences		-		-		2,337		2,337		
Deferred inflows of resources		-		-		16,511		16,511		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	82,317	\$	82,317		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Private Purpose Trust Funds

These funds include the Main Trust and Successor Agency.

The **Main Trust Fund** is used to account for trust arrangements where the balances and activity benefit individuals and organizations other than the City.

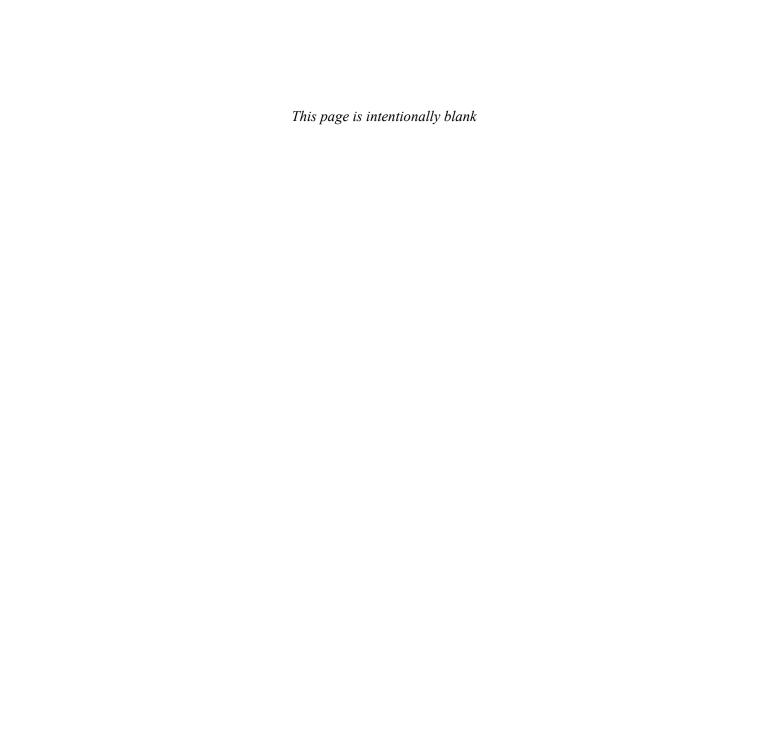
The **Successor Agency Fund** was created as a result of the State order to dissolve California Redevelopment Agencies. As the Successor Agency, this fund is used to track the activity by the Oversight Board and the Department of Finance to dissolve the Agency.

City of Gridley Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2024

		Main Trust Fund	Successor Agency Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$ 1,116,572	\$ 1,116,572
Restricted cash and investments		-	16,366	16,366
Interest receivable		-	671	671
Capital assets, land		-	1,302,116	1,302,116
Total assets	\$	-	\$ 2,435,725	\$ 2,435,725
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESO Loss on debt refunding	URCES \$	-	\$ 150,304	\$ 150,304
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 5,130	\$ 5,130
Interest payable		-	81,885	81,885
Unearned revenue		-	305,725	305,725
Advances from the City		-	326,868	326,868
Long-term liabilities, current		-	120,000	120,000
Long-term liabilities, noncurrent		-	3,850,000	3,850,000
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ 4,689,608	\$ 4,689,608
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for private purposes	\$		\$ (2,103,579)	\$ (2,103,579)
Total net position	\$	=	\$ (2,103,579)	\$ (2,103,579)

City of Gridley Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Main Trust Fund		\$ Successor Agency Fund	Total
ADDITIONS				
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ 466,740	\$ 466,740
Interest Income		-	4,573	4,573
Total additions		-	471,313	471,313
DEDUCTIONS				
Professional services		-	78,096	78,096
Administrative expense		-	3,542	3,542
Payments to the City of Gridley		12,895	-	12,895
Interest and fiscal charges		-	194,382	194,382
Total deductions		12,895	276,020	288,915
Change in net position		(12,895)	195,293	182,398
Total net position - beginning		12,895	 (2,298,872)	(2,285,977)
Total net position - ending	\$		\$ (2,103,579)	\$ (2,103,579)



CUSTODIAL FUNDS

Custodial Funds

The City administers two custodial funds, the Gridley Bid Fund and the Hospital JPA Administration Fund.

The Gridley Bid Fund is used to account for the use of resources received in relation to bidding and procurement.

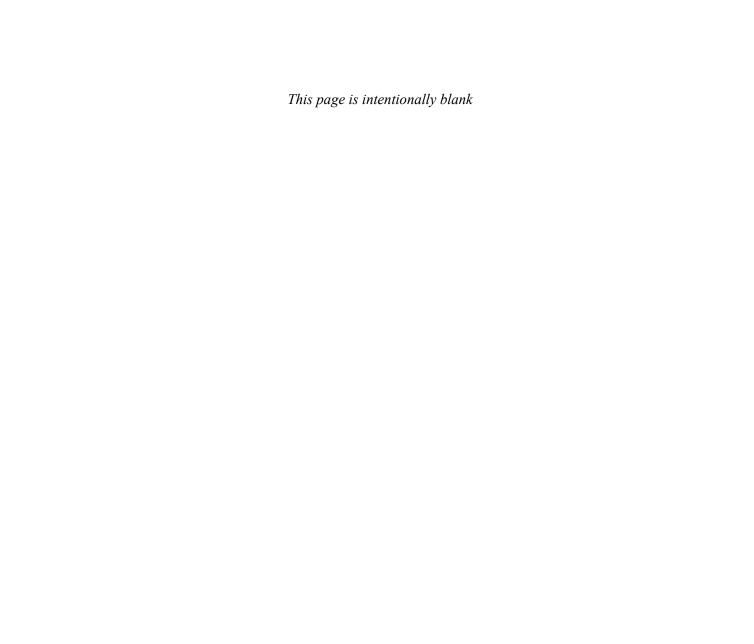
The **Hospital JPA Administration Fund** is used to account for the use of resources held for the Hospital HPA administration.

City of Gridley Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2024

	F	idley Bid und	J Admir	spital PA nistration und	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations and							
other governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
Total net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	

City of Gridley Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Gridley Bid Fund	J Admii	spital PA nistration und	Total			
ADDITIONS	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		
DEDUCTIONS Payments to the City of Gridley	61		499		560		
Change in net position	(61)		(499)		(560)		
Total net position - beginning	61		499		560		
Total net position - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		



GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULES

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. For the City, the general fund includes such activities as public safety, public ways and facilities, parks and recreation services, and economic development services.

	General Fund	General Fund Reserve Fund	Well Fund	City Hall Reserve Fund		Hall Reserve		Equipment Reserve Fund	Total General Fund
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 436,866	\$ 3,207,514	\$ 41,382	\$	89,986	\$ 1,800,118	\$ 5,575,866		
Accounts receivable	87,298	-	-		-	-	87,298		
Interest receivable	1,061	10,024	128		272	5,363	16,848		
Taxes receivable	386,842	-	-		-	-	386,842		
Due from other funds	2,353,627	-	-		-	-	2,353,627		
Prepaid items	57,768	-	-		-	-	57,768		
Leases receivable	327,331	-	-		-	-	327,331		
Advances to fiduciary funds	76,868		 -		-		76,868		
Total assets	\$ 3,727,661	\$ 3,217,538	\$ 41,510	\$	90,258	\$ 1,805,481	\$ 8,882,448		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 470,398	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 470,398		
Unearned revenue	24,101	-	-		-	-	24,101		
Deposits payable	56,850		 		-		56,850		
Total liabilities	551,349				-		551,349		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Leases	320,681	-	-		-	-	320,681		
Total deferred inflows of resources	320,681	-	-		-	-	320,681		
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable									
Leases receivable	6,650	_	_		_	_	6,650		
Advances to fiduciary funds	76,868	-	-		_	-	76,868		
Prepaid items	57,768	_	-		-	-	57,768		
Total nonspendable	141,286	_	-		-	-	141,286		
Committed:									
Infrastructure reserve	-	-	41,510		-	-	41,510		
Total committed	-	_	41,510		-	_	41,510		
Assigned:									
Bond reserve	-	3,217,538	-		-	-	3,217,538		
Sick payout reserve	-	_	-		-	-	-		
Equipment replacement	-	_	-		-	1,805,481	1,805,481		
Building maintenance	-	_	-		90,258	-	90,258		
Total assigned	-	3,217,538	-		90,258	1,805,481	5,113,277		
Unassigned	2,714,345	-	-		-	-	2,714,345		
Total fund balances	2,855,631	3,217,538	41,510		90,258	1,805,481	8,010,418		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 3,727,661	\$ 3,217,538	\$ 41,510	\$	90,258	\$ 1,805,481	\$ 8,882,448		

City of Gridley

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances

General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	General Fund Reserve Well Fund Fund		F	City Hall Reserve Fund		Equipment Reserve Fund		Sick Leave Payout Reserve Fund		Eliminations		otal neral and	
REVENUES														
Taxes and assessments	\$3,283,264	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		83,264
Licenses, permits and fees	209,920	-		-		-		-		-		-		09,920
Fines and forfeitures	10,525	-		-		-		-		-		-		10,525
Intergovernmental	220,474	-		-		-		-		-		-		20,474
Charges for services	63,780	-		-		-		-		-		-		63,780
Use of money and property	171,944	62,701		800		1,699		34,722		(1)		-		71,865
Other revenue	213,185	_		-		-		-		-		-		13,185
Total Revenues	4,173,092	62,701		800		1,699		34,722		(1)		-	4,2	73,013
EXPENDITURES Current:														
General government	214,850	-		-		-		-		-		-		14,850
Public safety	5,456,407	-		-		-		-		-		-		56,407
Streets and public works	432,079	-		-		-		-		-		-		32,079
Community development	65,189	-		-		-		-		-		-		65,189
Parks and recreation	141,244	-		-		-		-		-		-		41,244
Capital outlay	156,918	-		-		-		500,000		-		-	6	56,918
Total Expenditures	6,466,687	-		-		-		500,000		-		-	6,9	66,687
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(2,293,595)	62,701		800		1.699	((465,278)		(1)			(2.6	93,674)
Revenues over Expenditures	(2,293,393)	02,701		800		1,099		403,276)		(1)			(2,0	93,074)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Transfers in	1,653,849	-		-		-		-		-	(1'	77,332)	1,4	76,517
Transfers out	(3,930,222)	_		-		-		-	(177,332)	1	77,332	(3,9	30,222)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,276,373)	-		-		-		-	(177,332)		-	(2,4	53,705)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,569,968)	62,701		800		1,699	((465,278)	(177,333)		-	(5,1	47,379)
Fund Balances Beginning Prior Period Adjustments	7,214,971 210,628	3,154,837		40,710		88,559	2,	270,759		177,333		-		47,169 10,628
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted	7,425,599	3,154,837		40,710		88,559	2	270,759		177,333				57,797
rund barances beginning, as Adjusted	1,423,399	3,134,03/		40,710		00,339		,210,139		1//,333		-	13,1	31,171
Fund Balances Ending	\$2,855,631	\$3,217,538	\$	41,510	\$	90,258	\$1,	805,481	\$		\$		\$ 8,0	10,418